The Victoria Daily Times.

VOL. 2. VICTORIA, B. C., TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 23, 1886. No. 220

A. GILMORE.

Special Notice--Great Clearing Sale

—OF—

READY-MADE CLOTHING.

PREVIOUS TO STOCK-TAKING.

For the next ten days we will sell Overcoats, Men's and Boys' Clothing at such a reduction in prices as cannot fail to attract attention.

If you want Cheap Clothing now is your opportunity for securing bargains for ten days only.

This is a genuine sale—at least 20 per ct. less than regular prices.

Come and see for yourself.

A. GILMORE, Merchant Tailor and Clothier, Johnson Street.

Wanted.

Advertisements under this head, three insertions 50 cents: six insertions, 75 cents.

WANTED—To Business Men. We have a party who will invest about $2000 in a general business that will bear investigation. Apply to British Columbia Employment Bureau and Business Agency, Fort street, between Broad and Douglas. feb22 6t

WANTED.—Boys to work at Hosiery establishment. Apply at No. 112 Fort street. feb19 6t

WANTED.—March 1st, by a married man, a situation as Salesman. City or country. Twelve years experience. Reference from present employer. Address 100, TIMES office. feb19 d1w W2w

WANTED—A servant girl for a small family. Address P. O. Box 329, City. feb18

WANTED.—Three or four Dressmakers; also, several Apprentices to learn Dressmaking. Apply to Mrs. McQueen, Fort street. feb18 6t

WANTED.—By an energetic business man, a position in a store or general business; also rooted in the drug line. Town or country. In a genuine transaction party would lend from $400 to $800. Apply at the British Columbia Employment Bureau and Business Agency, Fort street, between Broad and Douglas streets. feb17 6t

WANTED.—Two or three experienced Tailoresses. Good wages paid to first class hands. Apply to "S. T." New Westminster. sept1 tf

For Sale.

FOR RENT.—A desirable 8-roomed residence on Chatham street, near Government. Rent $18 per month, including water. Apply to Mrs. Shakespeare, corner of Broad and View streets. feb2 tf

FOR SALE.—A cooking range, nearly new, suitable for a hotel. Apply at the Garrick's Head, Bastion street. feb23-6t

FOR SALE—

HOTELS.

TEAMING BUSINESS, with contract.

LODGING HOUSE.

SALOONS.

FANCY GOODS AND DRESSMAKING.

CIGAR, CONFECTIONERY, FRUIT, &c.

House and Lot, most central.
Furniture.
Half interest in mercantile business.
Bakery, Groceries, Provision business.
Dining Rooms.
Private Chop Houses.
Carriage Painting business, half interest.
Boot and Shoe Manufacturing.
20 acres Land, 8 miles out.
60 acres Land, 15 miles out.
131 acres Land, 15 miles out, some improved.
Half interest in lucrative business, &c., &c.

☞ If you want to buy or sell anything, call on us.

PICKERING & CO.,
Fort street, between Broad and Douglas-sts. feb17 6t

FOR SALE.—A good Milch Cow and Calf. Address "Cow," TIMES office. feb16

FOR SALE.—A Screw Press, in good order; will do for Blacksmith's or Cannery use. Also Bricks and Castings to fit Canadian Stoves. Apply to H. C. Wilson, corner Johnson and Blanchard streets. feb12 1m

FOR SALE.—The International Hotel, Esquimalt, with Furniture belonging to the same, Bar Fixtures, Billiard Table, &c. A well 40 ft. deep with pump. Outhouses, &c. The Hotel has accommodation for 60 people. For further particulars apply to S. Jones, Dominion Hotel, Yates street. dec30 tf

To Let.

FOR RENT.—HOUSE OF FIVE ROOMS, conveniently located, to rent for $16 per month, water included. The furniture of the same house for sale at $175.
Apply at Terminal Land Office, corner of Douglas and Yates streets. dec3 tf

Lost and Found.

LOST.—Between Halfway House, Esquimalt and city, a Buffalo Rug, on Monday last. A Suitable reward offered to any one returning to Colonial Hotel. feb22 1t

Meetings to be Held.

THE KNIGHTS OF LABOR will hold their Regular Weekly Meeting at Harmony Hall every Saturday Evening. A full attendance is requested. dec24

ST. ANDREWS and CALEDONIAN Society meets in their hall, corner Langley and Fort Streets, on the first FRIDAY of every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join.
W. H. MASON, Secretary.
sep4 1-ly

THE Y. W. C. T. U. OF VICTORIA MEETS every third Monday in each month at Temperance Hall, on Pandora st., at 7.30 p. m. A good programme and sociable time at every meeting. Strangers cordially invited. nov4

AN ENTERTAINMENT IS GIVEN AT TEMperance Hall every Saturday evening. Good Temperance speakers and Musical Selections, with Recitations, forming a good programme. The Blue Ribbon Band will be in attendance. All are cordially invited. Chair taken at 7:30 o'clock precisely. HENRY RUDGE, President.

TENDERS

WILL BE RECEIVED at the office of the undersigned until 4 p.m. of Monday next, the first of March, for the purchase of W. M. Paire's race bay, "Genesta" which can be seen at the saleroom, Yates street. The highest tender not necessarily accepted.
W. R. CLARKE,
feb 22-6t Auctioneer.

Notice.

I have taken my sons, C. N. Gowen and S. H. Gowen, into partnership in my business as from the 1st day of January, 1886.

The partnership business will be carried on under the firm name of Charles Gowen & Sons.
feb16 tf CHARLES GOWEN.

MIDWIFERY.

MRS. McGREGOR, MIDWIFE, RECENTLY from Halifax, N. S. Diploma and highest testimonials of proficiency from the University of Edinburgh. Calls promptly attended to. Residence, corner of Douglas and Cormorant street over Gosnell's grocery store mar13

THE

EQUITABLE

Life Assurance Society.

120 Broadway, New York.

HENRY B. HYDE, President.

Assets, January 1st, 1886	$66,558,367 30
Liabilities, 4 per cent. Valuation	$52,691,148 27
Surplus	$13,867,229 13
Surplus on N. Y. Standard, 4½ per cent. interest, $17,495,329 40.)	
Surplus, over Liabilities, on every standard of valuation, larger than that of any other life assurance company.	
New Assurance in 1885	$96,018,378 00
Outstanding Assurance	$357,338,246 00
Total Paid Policy-Holders in 1885	$7,138,689 05
Paid Policy-Holders since Organization	$88,211,175 63
Income	$16,590,053 13

Improvement during the Year.

Increase of Premium Income	$1,430,349 00
Increase of Surplus	$3,576,622 03
Increase of Assets	$8,291,461 96

New assurance written in 1885, the largest business ever transacted by the Society or by any other company in a single year; the business of 1884 three millions over that of 1883, and that of 1885 eleven millions over that of 1884.

Assurance written by the Society during the twenty-six years and a half of its history, $105,000,000 more than any other company has written for the same period.

The Society issues a plain and simple contract of assurance, free from burdensome and technical conditions, and INCONTESTABLE after three years. All Policies as soon as they become incontestable are payable IMMEDIATELY upon the receipt of satisfactory proofs of death.

For full particulars, see the 26th ANNUAL STATEMENT of the Society.

C. G. BALLENTYNE,
General Manager, B. C.
feb22 1m

MUNICIPAL

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED UP TO

Wednesday next, the 24th inst.,

At 4 o'clock p.m.

For Grading and Gravelling Mason street, from Quadra to Vancouver streets, and Vancouver street from Pandora to St. Louis street.

Plans and Specification of the work can be seen at the office of the undersigned.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

JAMES D. ROBINSON,
C. M. C.
City Hall, February 22, 1886. feb22

J. C. & J. FIELDS

Candles,
Salad Oil, Bulk and case,
Cocoa Matting, plain & fancy
Fry Pans,
Galv'd Iron Buckets,
Etc. Etc. Etc.
—AT—
R. C. JANION.
feb18

THE FAMOUS

The Royal Blend

WHISKEY,

Case and Bulk.

R. C. JANION

STORE STREET.

J. H. CUTTER

Bourbon Whiskey,

CASE AND BULK.

R. C. JANION,

STORE STREET. feb17

BASS' ALE,

GUINNESS' STOUT,

QUARTS AND PINTS,

—AT—

R. C. JANION.
feb17

DISTORTING FACTS.

In reporting the proceedings of the Assembly yesterday, the *Colonist*, for party purposes, resorts to the despicable tactic of distorting the report of the Public Accounts Committee. Instead of publishing the full report, which is of so damaging a nature to the government, and so thoroughly sustaining THE TIMES in its contention in reference to the financial position of the province, that the organ hesitates committing a political suicide. Rather than do that, and being unable to entirely ignore the report, it simply announces that

"Mr. C. Wilson presented the first report of Public Accounts Committee, recommending that it would be unadvisable to liquidate the overdraft out of the ordinary revenue. Also that estimates of expenditure upon roads and bridges had already been exceeded in many districts.

The text of the report is of an entirely different character, to the above, as will be observed by a careful perusal thereof:

Your committee appointed to examine and report upon the public accounts, beg leave to report as follows: That the amount received from the Dominion government for the dry dock at Esquimalt was not expended prior to the 31st December, 1885, and the sum of $140,808.33 received by overdraft from the Bank of British Columbia, was expended in addition to the revenue received from July 1st to 31st December, 1885; that the Finance Minister is of opinion that the overdraft cannot be repaid to the bank out of the revenue for the year, in addition to meeting all the requirements for the current year; that the sums voted for roads, streets and bridges for the fiscal year ending June, 1886, have in some districts been already exceeded; that the expenditure for the administration of justice, other than salaries was about $88,000 to date; that the Act passed in 47 Vic. c. 14, provides that the money received by the government from the lands on Vancouver Island, that are set apart for the railway from Esquimalt to Nanaimo shall be paid as received into the Bank of B. C., to the credit of the Receiver General of Canada; that this course has not been adopted as your committee are informed a different arrangement has been made between Mr. Dunsmuir, acting on behalf of the railway, and the government, as to the expenditure of these moneys. Your committee append returns of liquor and trade licenses issued at Farwell by Mr. Sproat, to 31st October, 1885, and a return of receipts and expenditures on account of Island railway lands to Dec. 31st, 1885.

The report is a comprehensive one. It speaks for itself. The dry dock refund was expended prior to the 31st of last December, at which date there was an over-draft of $140,808.33, also expended. The Finance Minister states that it will be impossible, out of the ordinary revenue, in addition to other expenses, to pay the over-draft! The electors are then informed that the sums voted for roads, streets and bridges for the current year, ending 30th June next, in some districts have already been exceeded. This must be mortifying intelligence to many sections that were lingering in the hope of receiving their fair share of the public expenditure on roads, &c. The exchequer depleted; no hope of being able to meet obligations already incurred to the banks, and a misappropriation of funds that belong to the Dominion! The prospect indeed is a gloomy one. This every true lover of his country will deplore. The remedy, however, is in the hands of the people. Having received innumerable illustrations of the incompetency of the government to administer the affairs of the province, not a day or opportunity should be lost in relieving them of the positions they have only too long usurped. Failing to accomplish this the electors must be prepared to carry an increased burden of taxation and endure a further term of gross and negligent mismanagement of their affairs by incapables.

Another startling announcement is made by the Public Accounts Committee. It is that the terms of the Act passed in 47 Vic., chapter 14, relating to the Island railway and the Dominion and Provincial governments, have been violated by Mr. DUNSMUIR, with the consent of the government! We were not aware that a statute of this nature could be ignored by a private individual, notwithstanding that the government hoodwinks at and condones the offence. Of this, however, we shall hear more again. Verily the government must be in sore distress when so damaging a report is submitted by its own supporters, which the organ deems of such importance as to burke its publication, well knowing the effect such an announcement would produce throughout the country. However, such matters cannot be always concealed, and now that the true state of affairs is proclaimed to the world it will be observed that the assertions of THE TIMES have been more than vindicated, whilst the *Colonist* in this respect as in the matter of receipts and expenditure, dares not publish the actual facts.

THE verdict in the Dilke case is another example of the legal paradox. A committed adultery with B, but B did not commit adultery with A. Mr. Crawford's account of his wife's confession is nowhere reported *verbatim*. The editor told me he had reported divorce cases for twenty-two years, and never heard anything so revolting. The *Daily News* and *Telegram* have editorials welcoming Sir Charles Dilke effusively back to the Cabinet.

A GOVERNMENT SUPPORTER.

It is not true that JAMES wants to go home. At the opening of the session it was natural that a business man of his active character, ever on the alert to turn an honest penny, should fret and fume over the inexcusable delays that were occurring in the transaction of public business, but time is a great assuager of sorrow, and self-interest a potent tranquilizer of injured feelings. JAMES—truthful JAMES—who represents New Westminster City — has already placed on record his opinion that the present is the "best government that British Columbia ever had." From JAMES' standpoint there can be no doubt of the accuracy of the statement. JAMES is a business man and owns a store in the Royal City. It is the only means JAMES has of making a living, and when the government want to buy goods at his establishment, it would be unreasonable to expect that he should forget the governing principle of his life and refuse to sell, simply because some old and forgotten statute said it would be illegal for him to do so. JAMES has ever been a law unto himself, and in driving a sharp bargain has never been known to make a mistake. It is doubtless true that JAMES has violated every principle of the Independence of Parliament Act, and has rendered himself liable to a fine of several hundred dollars for every day he sits and votes in the House, but it is scarcely probable any person will try to mulct him in such heavy damages. He is one of the most ornamental supporters that the government has at its back, and he is one of the most certain and unfailing. It is an excellent recommendation for any politician to be able to say of him, "you know where to find him every time," and as JAMES has been bought and paid for, all the government have to do is to pull the string and the puppet will respond to the call with "business" alacrity. JAMES does not straddle the fence; he is safely on the side where the loaves and fishes are, quietly fattening at the government crib. It was an error to say that JAMES wanted to go home. He don't. He desires to remain to see the returns brought down, which were moved for by Mr. BEAVEN yesterday.

A PARLIAMENTARY BREEZE.

EARL OF KENT. Yes sir; but anger has a privilege.

DUKE OF CORNWALL. Why art thou angry?
—King Lear.

Yesterday our Legislative solons, in righteous indignation, debated, as a question of privilege, whether, or no, Mayor FELL's anger was privileged. Some thought the jolly civic chief could not have been so angry as a newspaper painted him; others that he was; but had no right to be; whilst all were puzzled to find a reason for his supposed spleen. Mr. THEO. DAVIE, with mock seriousness, considered that the Mayor should have disavowed the *Colonist's* report, (as though every citizen were bound to notice each silly statement in that delectable sheet) and not having done so, ought to be called to the bar of the House and apologise. The Attorney-General, not so much astray in his law, proved by the cases of DOE *v.* ROE and BARDWELL *v.* PICKWICK, that the House might summon, but could not fetch, the alleged transgressor. The lesser light felt (like Glendower) "I can call spirits from the vasty deep." The greater light responding (with Hotspur) "Why, so can I, or so can any man; but will they come, if you do call them!"

MR SEMLIN took the dignified position that the Private Bills Committee, being *sans peur et sans reproche*, could afford to laugh at all aspersions.

The final consensus of opinion seemed to be that Mr. Speaker's warrant might not prove quite so powerful as SAM WELLER's writ of "Habeas his carcase."

Were we right in fancying that—

Senator Martin, frank and free,
With racy air, fresh as the sea,

strolled into the lobby, at the close of the debate, singing:—

I like thee not, oh, Mister Fell!
The reason why, thy speech doth tell:
Hie thee home and chicory sell,
Talk not much, and all shall be well.

MR. THEO. DAVIE AND HIS LAURELS.

During his rambling so-called address at the Theatre Royal, a few evenings since, Mr. THEO. DAVIE, in giving *his* version of the finances of the province announced, to the apparent delight of the audience, that if his every statement were not correct, he then might well be termed the "biggest liar in British Columbia." THE TIMES sincerely sympathizes with this salad politician in being so badly deceived by the government as to the actual condition of the province financially. He is not the first one that has been so treated, nor is it likely he will be the last. In the face of the report of the Public Accounts Committee, which we publish elsewhere, Mr. DAVIE will find himself now the unfortunate victim of misplaced confidence and the indisputable possessor of the title he so vividly portrayed for himself. Such, however, is the inevitable result certain to follow the effort to prove that black is white.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

Fourth Session—Fourth Parliament.

FOURTEENTH DAY—CONTINUED.

MONDAY, Feb. 22.

PORT SIMPSON LANDS.

The debate on Mr. T. Davie's motion, for the names of all parties who applied to purchase Port Simpson lands in 1879 and 1883, was continued as follows:

Hon. Mr. Smithe said what took place between himself and the surveyor was confidential, and if the latter revealed the information it was at his own risk. His course has always been to remove, not to place, obstacles in the way of applicants for land.

Mr. Galbraith thought the conduct of the hon. gentleman most reprehensible. He had told Mr. Gore that the reserves would be removed. Mr. Ralph was going up—not in the interest of the general public, but of private speculators—and in giving him executive secrets, the leader of the government had betrayed his trust. A serious blunder had been committed in the Port Simpson grab. From the way in which government secrets were told to subordinates and others, it would appear that executive meetings were held all over government grounds, and were open to whoever might be present.

Mr. Dunsmuir accused the member for Cassiar (Grant) with having referred to the Port Simpson matter as a "steal" in the columns of THE TIMES.

Mr. Grant informed the hon. gentleman that he was mistaken. The paper referred to was not his, and he was in no way responsible for what it might contain.

Hon. Mr. Davie contended that there never had been a legal reserve on the lands in question. That being the case how could a charge of irregularity be made? Any person applying for the lands—even the poorest man in the province—could not be denied.

Mr. Orr knew that reservations had been placed upon lands, and purchasers' refused, simply by the writing of the word "reserved" across the maps in the department.

Mr. Beaven said the charge was that the Chief Commissioner had disclosed information to the effect that the Executive Council were going to remove the reserve. Those who got that information got an advantage. It does not matter one iota whether it was legally reserved or not, as the lands office treated them as reserved lands. It is undoubtedly true that the chief commissioner had given the information, as it was proved by his own evidence. No language which the Chief Commissioner can use, unless he says the evidence is false, can change the meaning of the evidence. What would be thought of the Minister of Customs who, if approached by a merchant, would impart information about a proposed change in the tariff? The member for Victoria (T. Davie) had frequently said that he (Beaven) had neglected his duty in not moving an amendment to the report. But the matter was first brought up in the session of 1883. The committee reported on the 11th of May, and on the following day, the 12th, the House adjourned, so that had he desired to do so there was no opportunity. But it was equally the duty of the hon. member, (Mr. T. Davie) or any other member to move in the matter. To him it was most astonishing that the leader of the government should be in power after giving away executive secrets, as had been proved by his own evidence. Every member of the Executive Council was sworn to secrecy—in making that statement he had probably said enough, as the inference was obvious to every one.

Hon. J. Robson said the opposition clutched with great avidity at this "mare's nest." There had been no reserve. The Chief Commissioner was charged with divulging Cabinet secrets, but at the time there were no secrets to divulge. He characterized the conduct of the opposition as stupid and hypocritical, a fact he thought which the electors could easily discern.

Mr. Helgesen said the opposition in this matter were dealing with broad, plain facts. The Port Simpson lands had always been regarded as a reserve. But admitting the argument of the member for Cariboo (Wilson) that there had been no reserve, it only proves that the government were ignorant of the fact, as they were continually telling each other that the reserve was going to be removed.

Mr. McLeese said the House had listened to one of the most outrageous and most buncombe speeches that had ever been given in this House from the Provincial Secretary. It should be emblazoned in letters of gold, labelled the "Port Simpson Steal." The opposition were accused of originating this debate, but it had been caused by the motion of the member for Victoria, (T. Davie.) The Chief Commissioner's evidence was read, and from it the speaker contended it was evident an unfair advantage had been given, and among others to parties on the floor of the House.

The motion then carried.

CONTAGIOUS DISEASES.

The Hon. Mr. Robson moved, seconded by Mr. Orr. Whereas animals affected with contagious diseases are from time to time brought into the province from adjacent American territory, in consequence of which such diseases have been communicated to animals within the province, and much valuable stock thereby destroyed on the mainland, and more especially in the Chilliwhack settlement; and whereas, there appears to be no authorized person or organized arrangement to prevent such diseased animals being indiscriminately moved about, thereby spreading said diseases through the country; be it therefore resolved, that an humble address be presented to His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, praying that His Honor will be pleased to move the Dominion Government to make immediate arrangements for the effective enforcement of the Animal Contagious Diseases Act in this province. Carried.

INDEPENDENCE OF PARLIAMENT.

Mr. Beaven moved, seconded by Mr. Semlin, That an order of the House be granted for copies of all correspondence, tenders, accounts and vouchers, in connection with supplying vitrified drain pipe for the new gaol at New Westminster, stating size of pipe for which tenders were asked, size and quantity supplied, price per foot, name of contractor, quantity of pipe used, disposition of pipe not required, the name of the superintendent of the work of constructing the gaol, and by whom recommended to the government.

The mover said this motion referred to a contract taken by a member of this House. He thought that it should be known in this House and throughout the country that when a gentleman becomes a member of this House he cannot take a contract from the government. The Constitution Act prohibited it. There was a general impression abroad that the sections had been repealed, but this was a mistake. The only clause repealed was the one prohibiting a Dominion contractor holding a seat in this House.

Mr. Orr said this was a matter that affected the whole province, as well as New Westminster. He had been asked to bring the matter up, as it was understood a change had been made in the size of the pipe supplied, although no change had been made in the price. It was also complained that all the supplies not actually called for had been supplied by the member for New Westminster (Cunningham.) It was a matter that should be enquired into.

Mr. T. Davie said the resolution either pointed to a veritable "mare's nest" or it would afford some impecunious individual an opportunity to secure $14,000. He agreed with the motion.

Mr. Semlin saw no reference in the resolution to Mr. Cunningham whose name seems to have been lugged in without authority. The effect which a motion of this kind may have on any member's financial position, should not deter members from asking for an investigation. This was a subject on which information should be furnished to the public.

Mr. Cunningham said he was not a contractor. He had been asked to supply the pipe by contract and had refused. But he had proposed to order the pipe and charge a commission of five per cent. which was done. He had been charged by the opposition press with using the chain-gang for his own benefit. The hon. gentleman should bring forward another motion asking for information on this head. He had done nothing of which he was ashamed, and it may be found that others in the province have been equally guilty with himself. The government has thought proper, from time to time, to come into our establishment and order small articles, such as a stove for the Granville school, a halter for a horse, etc. All his firm received for commission on the piping was $35. The time of the House should not be taken up with such trifling matters.

NEW BILLS.

Mr. Drake to incorporate the Vancouver Electric Light Company. Read a first time and referred to the committee.

Mr. Drake—To incorporate the Vancouver Street Railway Co. Referred to committee.

Mr. Drake—An Act to amend the qualification and registration of voters' act, 1876.

Mr. Orr moved, seconded by Mr. Dingwall, "that a select committee be appointed to prepare a bill to amend "an act to consolidate and amend the laws relating to gold and other minerals excepting coal," the committee to consist of A. E. B. Davie, Grant, Cowan, Wilson, Galbraith, Orr, and Helgesen." Carried.

QUESTIONS.

Mr. Allen asked the Provincial Secretary: "Has J. F. Smith, now holding the position of teacher of the Clinton school, ever been examined since his appointment in August, 1880?"

Hon. J. Robson—No!

Mr. Helgesen asked the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works: "How much money has been expended during the last fiscal year on roads, streets, bridges and wharves, under contracts, and how much by day labor, in each district?

Hon. Smithe—Details of the expenditure will be found in the public statements.

The House adjourned until 2 p. m. to-morrow.

FIFTEENTH DAY.

TUESDAY, Feb. 23.

The Speaker took the chair at 2 p. m.

Prayers by Rev. Mr. Bennlands.

PRIVILEGES.

Mr. Beaven referred to a statement in the *Colonist*. The Public Accounts Committee were said to have recommended that the overdraft should not be paid out of this year's revenue. The committee had made no recommendation of the kind.

Mr. Orr also corrected a report of his remarks in the *Colonist*. Such reports, he said, appeared to be intentionally wrong.

Mr. Semlin also corrected a report of his remarks in the *Colonist*. Remarks were attributed to him by that journal which he had never made.

Hon. Mr. Smithe also corrected the *Colonist's* report of his remarks yesterday on the Port Simpson lands.

RETURNS.

Mr. Semlin presented to the Executive Council, a petition signed by C. S. Robbins, W. H. Janes, and one hundred and one others, residents of the Yale district, asking for an appropriation for a road connecting two points of the present road from Kamloops to Okanagon.

PETITIONS.

Mr. Raybould—The petition of Thomas Lewis in reference to the representation of Alberni.

THE NORTHWEST REBELLION.

Mr. Cunningham moved: Whereas the several Provinces of the Dominion of Canada are united together not only by a band of iron, but by the stronger ties of a common British brotherhood, and whatever affects or disturbs the tranquility of one inevitably affects the whole Confederation; and whereas, during the early part of last year, certain Half-breeds and Indians of the Northwest Territory, led by Louis Riel, did raise the standard of rebellion, and plunder and murder peaceful inhabitants; resolved, that this House takes the earliest opportunity of marking its admiration of, and tendering the thanks of British Columbia to, the officers and brave "Canadian boys" of the militia force who so promptly responded to their country's call, and amid so much hardship and difficulty marched to the front and gallantly stamped out the rebellion; and this House also desires to extend its heartfelt sympathy to the wounded and the relatives of the brave ones who fell while fighting so nobly for their Queen and Country.

The mover said he thought that some reference should have been made to this subject in the address, but as there was none he brought it forward in this way. Previous to confederation this province was isolated from the rest of the Dominion, and although many thought we were better off before, he, for one, was of opinion that our province was better off in consequence of that connection. We, in British Columbia, have a right to be thankful for the mercies that have been bestowed on us. In Montreal a great epidemic had carried off many lives, while in the Northwest the Indians raised the standard of revolt, to suppress which a great many valuable lives were lost. We in this province owe a debt of gratitude, especially to the people of Ontario, for the successful efforts put forth to suppress that rebellion. We all must regret the loss of lives that took place, which, had it not been put down might have spread to this side of the Rocky Mountains and been the cause of serious trouble in our own province.

Mr. Galbraith, in seconding the motion said British Columbia should not be behind the other provinces in thanking those loyal volunteers who, answering the call of their Queen and country, came forward to suppress the rebellion. No one can forget that, because of his loyalty to his country, Thos. Scott became a martyr, suffering the most horrible torture. He could remember the circumstance very well, as he was connected with the county of Hastings, from which Scott came. It was gratifying to think that Gen. Middleton had paid a high compliment to the noble Canadian volunteers who had gone to the front at their country's call. When the history of the rebellion came to be written the name of Batoche would go down to posterity as a bright spot in the annals of Canada. This resolution would show that we were one in feeling and one in sentiment all over the Dominion.

The motion carried.

THE MEDICAL BILL.

Hon. Mr. Davie moved the second reading of the Medical Bill. He explained that the provisions of the bill were drawn largely from the act in force in Ontario. He pointed out that the great defect or injury, consequent on the absence of any act, was that a great many unqualified practitioners were driven to our shores, while duly qualified medical men were deterred from coming because there was no protection against quackery. Similar laws were in force in respect to the legal fraternity, and if necessary in that profession it was much more so in this.

Hon. Mr. Beaven asked that the second reading be postponed until to-morrow, as the bill had only been distributed to-day and members were anxious to know what it contained before voting upon it.

Hon. Mr. Davie preferred going on to-day. There were a great many bills to be dealt with, and nothing had yet been done.

Hon. Mr. Smithe thought it would be most unfair to postpone the bill after the Attorney General had made his speech. The time to take objection was when the motion was made for a second reading.

Mr. McLeese moved the adjournment of the debate. Motion carried and debate adjourned until Thursday next.

LEGAL PROFESSIONS AMENDMENT BILL.

Mr. Semlin, in moving the second reading of the above bill, said there was a general feeling throughout the province that the restrictions now in force against legal gentlemen coming into the province should be removed. In the interior a great portion of the people cannot afford to pay the amounts demanded by the legal gentlemen of New Westminster and Victoria. The bill proposed a shorter time of residence for lawyers coming from another province. As the law now stands, Mr. Blake or Sir Jno. McDonald would not be allowed to plead in B. C. courts. This, he held, was not in the interests of the Province.

Hon. Mr. Davie expressed regret that he would have to oppose the bill. He thought it would be a great mistake if the bill should be passed. Putting aside the interests of lawyers, it would be a mistake to allow men to come from foreign countries and go into competition with the young men of the province. There was also the question of reciprocity to be considered. Lawyers from this province were only allowed to plead before the Privy Council on British Columbia subjects; while in Ontario lawyers from this province were required to undergo the usual probation and pass the necessary examination. He believed also that those lawyers who had practised in the province for a long time had a superior claim to appointments to the judiciary than new comers would have, and the bill if passed would place them on the same footing. The lawyers of the province were satisfied with the law as it now stood.

Hon. Mr. Beaven would support the second reading. He wished it had even gone further. The law now on the statute book required a man, no matter what his qualification, to remain in the province a year before he could have a chance to earn a living. The government spoke of encouraging emigration, but the present law was placing a barrier in the way of emigration. It was unnecessary as a safe guard to the public that even three months' residence should be required, as people generally used their judgment in selecting the best lawyer to conduct their business. He believed that it was unreasonable that eminent lawyers like Mr. Blake or Sir John A. Macdonald should be required to pass an examination, and it was more unreasonable still that a man should be required to remain a year idle before being given a chance to work.

Mr. Drake opposed the bill. He held that it was absolutely necessary that a year's probation should be required. Three months was too short to afford an opportunity to enquire into the standing and qualifications of the gentleman seeking admission. If it were passed it would place our young men in a disadvantageous position.

MR. FELL EXPLAINS.

To THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES:

SIR:—Referring to the small "tempest in a teapot" created in the Legislature yesterday, by certain members over the remarks made by me at the meeting held in Harmony Hall, on Friday evening last, I have to say that the construction placed upon them by the report of the *Colonist* was totally incorrect. Any statements made by me at that meeting I will repeat at the first public opportunity. Even supposing the construction put upon my remarks by the *Colonist's* report to be correct, I submit that they were not any worse than the remarks made by honorable gentlemen upon the floor of the House when they make use of such words as "coward," "thieves," "its false," and other opprobrious epithets. I ask, Mr. Editor, what construction are the general public to put upon the character of our legislators when they apply such terms to each other. I am sorry to find members of the House so extremely sensitive and so ready to "wear the cap," if they are so pure, and their hands as clean, as they wish the public to believe.

JAMES FELL.

Victoria, Feb. 23, 1886.

Mr. Thomas Higginson, who was sent out last year to report upon the mineral regions of the Rocky Mountains, has returned to Ottawa. He reports some rich mineral deposits, and new subsidies of mineral lands to government supporters will now be in order.

Hon. Mr. Robertson, Provincial Treasurer of Quebec, is dangerously ill at Sherbrooke.

The Daily Times.

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Victoria, Tuesday, Feb. 23, 1886.

THE DAILY TIMES,
—Published daily and weekly by the—
VICTORIA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, Ld.
OFFICE—Yates Street, next to Frank Campbell's Corner.

DAILY TIMES delivered in all parts of the city by carrier, at 25 cents per week.

TRANSIENT ADVERTISING—Per line, solid nonpareil: First insertion, 10 cents; each subsequent consecutive insertion 5 cents. Advertisements not inserted every day, 10 cents per line for each insertion. No advertisement in this classification inserted for less than $1.

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THE WEEKLY TIMES
a published every Friday morning, is an excellent readable family journal, sent to all parts of Canada and the United States free of postage.

THE WEEKLY TIMES, per year.....$1.00
" " six months.....50

TERMS—Strictly in advance.

Special Rates for WEEKLY TIMES

TO ADVERTISERS.—Changes for advertisements for the Daily edition must be handed in to this office not later than 10 A. M. on the morning of publication; otherwise insertion cannot be guaranteed.

Address, THE TIMES P. & P. CO.,
Victoria B. C.

J. C. McLAGAN, Manager.

INSOLENCE AND ARROGANCE.

MR. BEAVEN, in the Assembly on Thursday last, created quite a breeze by simply asking the pertinent question if the return presented to the House by the Provincial Secretary, relative to the sale of James Bay lots, was a correct, authentic document? The Hon. Provincial Secretary declared it to be an embarrassing question and declined giving an affirmative answer. The Premier came to the rescue of his lieutenant and characterized MR. BEAVEN's question as a piece of "impertinence." The tenor of the Premier's remarks were such as would lead us to infer that any document, or return, submitted to the House is correct, and that their authenticity is unquestionable. A greater display of bad temper over a simple question could scarcely be imagined. But MR. BEAVEN, knowing full well the "slip-shod" indifferent manner in which the Cabinet superintends the work of its several departments felt, and still feels, that the document in question, if it is as claimed by the premier, a correct return, only too plainly reveals how sadly indifferent the government has been in the past in its adherence to the principles which should guide a government by the people and of the people. If rumor be correct—and we think in this instance that it is—the report of the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for the year 1884, abounds with blunders. In one instance, instead of one hundred yards of crib work there appears in his return *eleven hundred*. It is said the premier attributes the mistake to a typographical error. The error has been the means of creating much ill-feeling in the Lillooet district, for which the Chief Commissioner is wholly responsible. The heads of departments are well paid for superintending their respective branches of the public service. If they find it beyond their power to revise documents to be issued for distribution bearing their signatures, which are discovered to be incorrect, they cannot shirk their responsibility in the matter. The plea may, and possibly will, be advanced that their time is fully preoccupied in the incubation of schemes whereby they can strengthen themselves with their constituents, that so trifling a matter as proving the accuracy of public documents is ignored. Hereafter, when a question is asked, no matter how simply or how complex, the government must bear in mind that each gentleman in the Assembly is the peer of his fellow member, whether he be a minister or not; that he is entitled, as the exponent of those whom he represents on the floor of that House, to the fullest consideration, respect and courtesy. The disposition shown of late by the government and a few of its blind followers—many of whom are as ignorant of the rules of debate, parliamentary usages or political economy as it is possible to be—to crowd down the opposition, is so reprehensible as to evoke the contempt of all respectable right thinking citizens. It will yet be found that MR. BEAVEN's question was fraught with far more consequence to the country than many imagine, and that the spirit in which the query was met by the government displayed a feeling of insolence and arrogance that would nowhere else be tolerated for a moment.

GENUINE LIBERALISM.

The following confession of "political faith" made by Henry Broadhurst, the workingman member of Mr. Gladstone's new government, shows the character of the man: "I am a Liberal because the true, full, and free application of Liberal principles is best calculated to *promote the highest order of manhood*. It teaches self-reliance, and gives the best opportunities to the people to promote their individual, as well as their united and best permanent interests. *Liberalism does not seek to make all men equal: Nothing can do that.* But its object is to remove all obstacles erected by men, which prevent all having equal opportunities. This in its turn promotes industry, and makes the realization of reasonably ambitious hopes possible to the poorest man amongst us."

CONSULAR FEES.

An eastern exchange states that the Secretary of the Treasury has made an order declaring that the production of consular invoices to be unnecessary in cases of importations valued at less than fifty dollars. This is the immediate result of a recommendation made by the Secretary of State, but it is in accordance with a desire often manifested by Treasury officials! The officers of the customs service have long regarded these invoices for small importations into the United States as an unnecessary annoyance and expense to importers, and have been willing to have such invoices dispensed with in cases of importations under one hundred dollars in value. The inclination of the department is to further relieve importers. The reduction of consular fees and their abolition were practical is said to be heartily approved, and the proposition to dispense with consular invoices on free goods, and even on those paying specific duties have received some favorable consideration. The relief afforded by the order dispensing with consular invoices on small importations will be felt principally upon the Canadian border, where the exactions of consuls have been the source of much complaint. It has been represented that upon importations of the most trifling value the consuls have been vigilant in securing their fees—in some instances exceeding the cost of the imported goods.

AN EXTRAORDINARY RECORD.

The Montreal *Post*, of the Ontario government, says: That the MOWAT administration has now been in power in Ontario for fifteen years and during that time not a single political scandal has been proved against it. This is an extraordinary record. Charges have as a matter of course, been brought against Mr. MOWAT and his confreres. The indemnification of the returning officers to Algoma, the "School Readers" difficulty, the Re-distribution Bill, and other disputes may have caused debates which sometimes assumed, perhaps a tone of anger, but there were no jobs, no timber limits given away, no corruption fiends and no trickery. It is no wonder that the Catholic bishops, priests and people of Ontario support such an administration, and it is no wonder that they take some pride in pointing to one of their own as among the foremost members of such a government. The downfall of the Hon. Mr. MOWAT would be the triumph of a party over a just administration, as it would be vital blow aimed at constitutional government. When men see such political tricksters as Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD holding their own by demoralizing public opinion, there is something to be thankful for in seeing a true statesman like OLIVER MOWAT, with fifteen years of record, free from scandal. This is worth remembering.

TROUBLED GREECE.

Greece is at present subjecting the institutions of the country to a very severe test. During the past five years there have been four years of deficit. In 1881 the deficit was £2,682,000, in 1882 it was £636,000, in 1884 it was £659,000, and in 1885 £454,000. It is said that Greece obtained 25,000 square miles from Turkey in 1881. She has at the present time about 2,000,000 of population. One-half of the area of Greece is under cultivation. A large portion of what is still lying waste is capable of being tilled. The construction of roads and railways has only very recently been, of course, included, but the evils of the present Greek policy is shown by the fact that she spends £1,600,000 annually on her army, and but £10,000 on her public works. Greece, instead of trying to improve her position, and get rid of her deficits, meets her obligations with new loans. Since 1863 she has borrowed large sums, and her credit is not so good to-day as it was twenty years ago. Greece requires to have her attention turned from military to industrial pursuits, and until this is done there is not much hope for improvement in her military condition.

THE Picton Bank has fyled an application for leave to reduce its paid up capital stock to $200,000.

THE Canadian Pacific Railway bonds are now quoted at 104. An effort is to be made by the company to pay off its loan from the government.

They tell in Louisville of a citizen of that town who came to New York recently and lived at one of the most expensive hotels there. He stayed four days and asked for his bill. "Fifty-one dollars," said the clerk. "Guess again," said the Kentuckian. "You havn't sized my pile yet. I've more money than that."

IT is now definitely settled that the Canadian Bank of Commerce will close its Chicago branch on the 1st of April. The New York agency has proved itself to be a very remunerative one. The Commerce is the second largest banking institution in Canada. Its success has been phenomenal under the guidance of Senator McMaster, the President.

THE Philadelphia *Times* reports from Washington that Mr. RANDALL and other conservative Democrats have agreed not to oppose any tariff bill that may come from the Ways and Means Committee, but to allow it to pass the House unresisted, thus throwing the whole responsibility upon its projectors. This is entirely untrue says the New York *Sun*. Mr. RANDALL has made no such agreement, and he will strenuously contest the passage of any bill which he believes to be hostile to the interests of labor. For manufacturers Mr. RANDALL would not be disposed to fight much; but for the laboring people he will fight to the last.

FACTS FOR THE ELECTORS.

For the financial year ending the 30th of June, 1883,—the first year of the Smithe-Robson government—the receipts from ordinary sources, and expenditure of the province were as follows:

Expenditure	$595,173 71	
Revenue	439,400 35	
Leaving a deficit of		$155,773 36
June 30th, 1884.		
Expenditure	$720,631 10	
Receipts	306,767 29	
Another deficit of		$ 83,863 81
June 30th, 1885.		
Expenditure	$656,625 15	
Receipts	602,797 49	
Still another deficit of		$ 53,827 66

A total deficiency on three years operation of the Smithe-Robson government of.....$293,864 83

A SENSIBLE SUGGESTION.

The Committee, of which Mr. William Wilson, then one of the representatives of Victoria, was Chairman, on the 18th of April, 1879, in concluding their report to the House, stated that, "*The Committee are of opinion that in the interest of the public service, it is desirable that the responsible position of Finance Minister should at all times be held by a gentleman possessed of a knowledge of accounts.*"

Mark well the result, and how speedily the hon. premier and his colleagues disregarded the reports submitted by Mr. Wilson and endorsed by the House—*a deficit of close upon $293,000!* during the three years they have had control of the finances of the province! It allowed to retain the reins of power much longer the Smithe-Robson government will rush the province into irretrievable bankruptcy!

E. G. PRIOR,
—IMPORTER OF—
Iron, Steel,
HARDWARE
—AND—
Agricult'rl Machinery
Builders' Hardware,
Miners' Outfits,
Farm Wagons,
Plows, Harrows,
Mowers, Reapers
Twine Binders,
Etc., Etc., Etc.
GOVERNMENT ST., - VICTORIA.

FOR SALE.
To Farmers, Milkmen and Poultry Raisers.
"RICE MEAL," for fattening Stock of all kinds.
"CHIT RICE," invaluable to Poultry Raisers.
Victoria Rice Mill, Store Street.
feb15 d&w tf

Day & Boarding School,
NEW WESTMINSTER.
Lady Principal - - Miss Dawson.
Vice-Principal - - Miss K. Dawson
The large and commodious premises lately occupied by Captain Pittendrigh having been secured for the above school, the Lady Principal is prepared to receive applications for the admission of Boarders.
Boys or Girls will be admitted into the Boarding-house whose parents may wish to send them as Day Pupils, either to the Public or High Schools of New Westminster.
All the boarders will have the benefit of the assistance of the Principal and Vice-Principal in the preparation of their lessons.
For terms and other particulars apply to
THE LADY PRINCIPAL,
jan25 d&w 1m New Westminster, B.C.

FOR SALE,
In the City of New Westminster.
THAT large and rapidly increasing business known as the
Pacific Carriage Works,
Any one wishing for an opening in this line would do well to correspond with the proprietors. Good reasons given for selling.
For further particulars, apply to
JOHNSTON & SMITH,
feb19 tf Proprietors.

THE COLONIST BUILDING
Stove, Grate and Scale
WAREHOUSE.
SPECIAL NOTICE to Steamboat owners, Ship Builders and others:
Orders taken at very reasonable rates for Coppersmith's Work, Plumbing, Tinware, etc.
jan29 1m A. COWAN.

REGINALD NUTTALL,
Real Estate Broker, Valuator and Conveyancer.
Loans Negotiated. Property bought and sold on commission, etc.
OFFICE—Pemberton Block, Yates street, Victoria. sept8 tf

G. B. GORDON,
Counsellor & Attorney,
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
(Late of the Ontario Bar.)
Safe Deposit Building, Room 20,
feb13s8

C.P.R.R.
TERMINAL CITY,
VANCOUVER
Lots 181 and 196, known as the Hastings Sawmill Property, are now being cleared and streets opened. This valuable property is offered for sale by single Lot or Blocks, and at prices that will command attention. A large rebate allowed to builders.
Plans and Price Lists, now in the hands of the leading Estate Agents in Victoria, New Westminster and Granville.
Robertson & Co.,
Estate Agents, Victoria.

VANCOUVER
Lots for Sale
IN
Lot 200 A, Group 1,
New Westminster District.
Apply to
HENRY V. EDMONDS,
dec4 1m New Westminster.
Or ALLSOP & MASON,
Government street Victoria.

TOWN OF FARWELL
Lots for Sale.
ALLSOP & MASON.
oct19 3m

COAL & WOOD.
THE JAMES BAY COAL YARD
Is selling Coal at the following rates per ton
Best Wellington Coal, 8s; 5 ton lots at $7.50 per ton.
Best Southfield Coal, $7.
FULL WEIGHT GUARANTEED.
Wood, either cut or full length.
An assortment of Spruce and Cedar LUMBER on hand.
TELEPHONE CALL 520.
Orders left at Capt. Warren's office, Wharf street, or at the office, James Bay.
dec14 G. P. WARREN.

To Coal Consumers.
Coal Direct from the Collieries.
THE VANCOUVER COAL MINING AND Land Company (Limited) are now prepared to supply consumers direct from their Collieries with their
Best Household Coal
In quantities of one ton and upwards.
Price $7 per Ton of 2,000 Pounds.
The Coal will be hand picked and delivered in sacks of 100 lbs. each. Orders should be sent to the Company at Nanaimo, and to prevent delay should be accompanied by Post Office Order or Cheque.
The Coal will be delivered at the consumer's residence or place of business within two days of receipt of advice.
nov 6 SAMUEL M. ROBINS, Supt.

Something New
MESSRS. CROFT & BUCKETT have on hand and for sale
Vancouver Coal Company's
SOUTHFIELD COAL,
$7 per ton delivered; $6.25 per ton on the wharf; Single Sacks, 40 cents.
This Coal is hand-picked and of the best quality. Leave your orders at the
Union Truck and Dray Company's Office, foot of Yates Street.
Post Office Box 454. dec19 1m

Central Coal Yard,
FOOT OF JOHNSON STREET.
Best quality of double-screened
WELLINGTON COAL
Fir and Alder Wood for sale in lengths to suit.
Free delivery to any part of the city.
TELEPHONE NO. 13.
jan11 3m

Fire Insurance
Ætna Insurance Co.
OF HARTFORD, CONN.
ESTABLISHED 1819.
Cash Assets.....$10,000,000
Losses paid in 66 years..$60,000,000
Risks accepted at current rates of premium, and losses paid with promptitude and liberality.
FRANK RODWELL,
City Agent,
Government street,
June 1 Next door to Telegraph Office.

Red Crown Roller Mills

Manufacturers of Albany Patent, Snow Flake Family Windsor, Bakers and Mount Hood Superfine Flour.
For sale at wholesale and retail by all respectable grocers.
TRY IT. Mills at Albany, Oregon.
1883. LANNING & CO.
aug 14 tf Proprietors.

Awarded First Premium at Oregon State Fair 1882, 1883, 1884.
Awarded First Premium at Portland Mechanics Fair, 1882, 1883, 1884.
Capitol Mills Flour
FULL ROLLER PROCESS,
Manufactured by the Salem (Oregon) Capitol Flour Mills Company, Limited.
ONCE TRIED ALWAYS USED.
The above flour was sold at New Orleans, after close of the Exhibition, for 75 cents per barrel more than flour from other States, and pronounced by Mr. Redon, the Baker who bought it, the best he had ever used.
Head Office—Edinburgh, Scotland.
Mills—Salem, Oregon.
PORTLAND AGENT:
GEORGE SHIEL,
8 Stark street

OREGON MILLING CO.'S
ROYAL FLOUR!
THE BEST IN THE MARKET.
Carried off two premiums at the late Mechanics' Fair, Portland. At New Orleans was sold at close of Exhibition at a higher price than any other flour, and pronounced by leading bakers to be the best they ever used.
Sold by all leading Grocers.
JOHN WILSON,
Moody's Block, Yates street, Victoria, Agent for British Columbia.

John Meston
CARRIAGE MAKER,
BLACKSMITH, Etc.,
Government street, between Johnson and Pandora Streets,
VICTORIA, B. C.

Empire Brewery.
HENNING PETERS, late of the Lion Brewery is now prepared to supply the trade and families with all kinds of
Beer, Ale and Porter.
The Brewery is situated on Spring Ridge, and is built over a well of pure, ever running spring water. This fact enables me to manufacture the very finest brands, equal to any imported Ale, Beer and Porter.
The machinery used is of latest pattern, the ingredients are pure water, malt and hops, and a trial is only necessary to convince that the brands are the finest manufactured in the Province.
All orders for city supply, or for shipment to Island or Mainland points will receive prompt attention and a satisfactory article furnished.
HENNING PETERS,
aug10 tf Empire Brewery, Spring Ridge, Victoria, B. C.

MASONIC BUILDING
CHEAP BOOTS
CHEAP VARIETY STORE
AND SHOES
DOUGLAS ST., Vic.
C. RUSSELL & CO.

QUEEN'S MARKET

GOVERNMENT ST., VICTORIA, B. C.
L. GOODACRE,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
BUTCHER.
Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.
Shipping Supplied at Lowest Rates
TABLE DELICACIES.
AND ALL KINDS OF
FINE FAMILY GROCERIES
A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF
Provisions, Liquors, Etc.,
Every article for hotel, boarding house or private family use.
HENRY SAUNDERS
Johnson Street.

PICTURES FRAMED
CHEAPER THAN EVER.
A large stock of Fine Mouldings unequalled in Victoria.
Fine Selected Stock of Engravings
Works of Art and all kinds of Pictures, Mirrors, and Picture Glass sold by the light or box.
The finest Furniture made to order.
All work warranted.
JOS. SOMMER,
aug24 Government street.

Intending Settlers
AT OR NEAR COAL HARBOR can obtain from the undersigned all kinds of
FURNITURE,
Blankets, Bedding, Spring Mattresses, Tobacco, all kinds of Fruit and Confectioners, Vegetables, Hay, Grain, Etc.
Remember, you can buy your supplies from me cheaper than you can ship from Victoria.
F. W. HART,
nov20 Granville, B. C.

RAILWAYS.
The Great Overland Route.
Northern Pacific R. R.
The only line running Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars, Magnificent Day Coaches and Elegant Emigrant Sleeping Cars, with Berths free of charge.
From Washington and Oregon points to the East via
ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS.
The only Transcontinental Line running Palace Dining Cars. (Meals, 75 cents.)
Fastest time ever made from the Coast over the Northern Pacific Railroad, to Sioux City, Council Bluffs, St. Joseph, Atchison, Leavenworth, Kansas City, Burlington, Quincy, St. Louis, Chicago, and all points throughout the East and Southeast, via St. Paul and Minneapolis.
EMIGRANT SLEEPING CARS
Are hauled on regular express trains over the entire length of the Northern Pacific R. R. Passengers can save $7 to $9 by buying through Eastern tickets from the Victoria Agent. No change of cars.
Leave Portland, going East, at 5 p. m. daily; arrive at Minneapolis or St. Paul 12:20 p. m. (noon) fourth day.
Connections made at St. Paul and Minneapolis to all points East, South and Southeast.
Tickets leave Portland for Tacoma at 11:45 p. m. daily, arrive at Tacoma 6:30 p. m., connecting with O. R. and N. Co.'s boats for all points on Puget Sound, arriving in Victoria at 9:30 p. m.
A. D. CHARLTON,
Gen. Western Pass. Agent
No. 2 Washington Street, Portland.
Robert Irving, Agent,
Victoria.

SECURE YOUR TICKETS
FOR
Overland Travel
BY THE GREAT
Albert Lea AND Rock Island
ROUTES.
Connecting with the N. P. R. R
AT
ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS
COMFORT, SPEED,
PLEASURE CHEAPNESS,
—ALL COMBINED.—
ROBERT IRVING, Agent,
Victoria.
CHAS. KENNEDY, Passenger Agent, Portland, Oreg.

Oregon Railway & Navigation Co.
TIME TABLE.
ATLANTIC EXPRESS.
Leaves Victoria at.....2:30 a.m.
Arrives at New Tacoma at.....4:30 a.m.
Arrives at Portland at.....2:30 p.m.
Leaves Portland at.....3:30 p.m.
PACIFIC EXPRESS.
Arrives at Portland at.....10:20 a.m
Leaves Portland at.....11 a.m
Arrives at New Tacoma at.....6:35 p.m
Arrives at Victoria at.....12 noon
NOTE—Steamers leave Victoria daily, except Sunday, connecting at Portland with Express trains for the East.
Passengers will leave on regular transport boat which leaves Ash street wharf at 7 p.m. daily. The tickets they hold will secure their transfer.
This is the only line from Puget Sound to all Eastern points in the United States and Canada.
Call upon or write to
ROBERT IRVING, Agent.
Office—C. P. N. Co.'s building, Wharf street
C. H. PRESCOTT, Manager.
JOHN MUIR, JOHN J. BYRNE,
Traffic Manager. Gen. Pass'r & F't Agt.
General Offices—Corner Front and D streets Portland, Oregon. oct30

Grand Trunk Railway
The Old and Popular Route
MONTREAL, DETROIT, CHICAGO AND
All the Principal Points in Canada and the United States.
IT IS POSITIVELY THE
ONLY LINE From TORONTO
Running the Celebrated Pullman Palace Sleeping and Parlor Cars.
Speed, Safety, Civility!
Toronto to Chicago in 14 Hours.
BEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE
Manitoba, British Columbia, and the Pacific Coast.
JOSEPH HICKSON,
General Manager.

CHICAGO
AND
North Western
RAILWAY.
THE BEST ROUTE AND
SHORT LINE
BETWEEN
Omaha, Council Bluffs,
And CHICAGO.
The only line to take for Des Moines, Marshalltown, Cedar Rapids, Clinton, Dixon, Chicago Milwaukee, and all points East. To the people of Nebraska, Colorado, Wyoming, Utah, Idaho, Nevada, Oregon, Washington and California, it offers superior advantages not possible by any other line.
Among a few of the numerous points of superiority enjoyed by the patrons of this road between Omaha and Chicago, are its two trains a day of DAY COACHES, which are the finest that human art and ingenuity can create; its PALACE SLEEPING CARS, which are models of comfort and elegance; its PARLOR DRAWING ROOM CARS, unsurpassed by any; and its widely celebrated PALATIAL DINING CARS, the equal of which cannot be found elsewhere.
At Council Bluffs the trains of the Union Pacific Ry. connect in Union Depot with those of the Chicago & Northwestern Ry., in Chicago the trains of this line make close connection with those of all Eastern lines.
For Detroit, Columbus, Indianapolis, Cincinnati, Niagara Falls, Buffalo, Pittsburg, Toronto, Montreal, Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, and all points in the East ask the Ticket Agent for tickets via the
"North-Western,"
If you wish the best accommodations.
All Ticket Agents sell tickets via this line.
M. HUGHITT, R. S. HAIR,
General manager. Gen'l Passenger Agt.
CHICAGO.

Hotels and Restaurants.
Halfway House,
Granite Creek Road.
A HOTEL, half way between Nicola and Granite Creek, has been opened for the accommodation of the traveling public, who can make this the first night's stopping place from Nicola, and reach Granite Creek next day.
The Hotel is supplied with all the necessary creature comforts.
Best of Wines, Liquors and Cigars on hand. Charges moderate.
jan20 1m d&w T. RICHARDSON, Proprietor.

The Arlington Hotel,
[LATE AUSTRALIAN.]
Corner Government & Humboldt Sts., Victoria.
THIS Hotel has been thoroughly renovated and refurnished, and possesses the finest Bar in the northern section of the city. The finest Wines, Liquors and Cigars constantly on hand. The only place in the city for delicious beverages.
W. G. STEVENSON & J. H. REELEY,
dec2 6m Proprietors.

BEACON HILL.
The Colonist Hotel!
(LATE PARK HOTEL.)
LOVELY SCENERY!
BEAUTIFUL SURROUNDINGS!
A pleasant and healthful summer resort, overlooking Juan de Fuca Straits, and only one mile from the Postoffice, Victoria.
Families can be provided with suites of room at moderate charges. A first class Cook has just been engaged. Telephone call 507.
Esquimalt Hotel,
ESQUIMALT.
HAS been thoroughly refitted, and will be found equal to any in the town for comfortable accommodations, at the following rates: Board, per week, $4.50; Board and Lodging, per week, $5 and $6; Meals, 25c. Beds, 25c and 50c. Baggage taken to the hotel free of charge.
aug12 tf JOSEPH MILLER, Proprietor.

SUNNYSIDE HOTEL,
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FIRST-CLASS in every particular. Rates, $1, $1.50 and $2 per day, according to accommodation. Special rates by the week or month. The largest and most commodious hotel on Burrard Inlet. Fittings and furnishings throughout new. A large number of guests can be accommodated.
oct5 H. HEMLOW, Proprietor.

The Gordon Hotel,
Johnson St., between Store & Wharf
WHERE "OLD BOB" will be found at his usual business of selling BAD WHISKEY, but good Cigars.
The undersigned cordially invites old and new friends to give him a call.
ROBERT McDERMOTT.
Victoria, January 8th, 1886. jan8

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Northeast Cor. Fort and Douglas Sts.
VICTORIA, B. C.
Board and Lodging, per week.....$5.50 and $6.
Board, per week.....$4.50
Beds, per night.....50cts
No Chinese Employed.
The bar is supplied with the best Wines, Liquors and Cigars.
sep16 JOHN BERRYMAN, Propr.

California Hotel,
Cor. Washington and Adams sts.,
Port Townsend, Washington Ter.
BOARD—Per Week, with Lodging, $5.
Single Meals, 25 cents.
Best of accommodations and everything in first class style. Billiard and Pool Table.
je9 1y CAPT. C. GILBERT, Proprietor.

WINNIPEG HOTEL,
PORT MOODY B. C.
THIS new and elegant Hotel is now open. The choicest brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars always on hand. The table supplied with the best in the market.
Charges moderate.
sep10 3m P. CAREY, Proprietor.

Globe Hotel,
ESQUIMALT.
Board and Lodging moderate. Billiard Room attached.
No Chinamen employed.
aug7 tf DOYLE & FISHER, Proprietors.

HASTINGS,
The oldest established and
LEADING
PHOTOGRAPHER,
FORT STREET.
nov20

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FOR GOOD BOOTS & SHOES.

IF YOU WANT BOOTS AND Shoes made to order, give me a call.
Repairs neatly executed. Prices moderate.
JAS. MAYNARD, Proprietor,
Douglas Street,
(Opposite the City Hall.)

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IMPORTER,
Wholesale Grocer & Provision Dealer
PORTLAND, OREGON.
All orders for Groceries, Meats, Standard or Country brands of Flour, Meals and Feed promptly filled.
Sole Agent for the "BOOGIE" HAMS, the finest cured.
jel9 1

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Plumbers, Gas Fitters,
BELL HANGERS AND TINSMITHS.
Dealers in Best Descriptions
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FORT STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.
TELEPHONE CALL 124.

The Daily Times.

Victoria, Tuesday, Feb. 23, 1886.

A PARIS MYSTERY

By the Author of "My Ducats and My Daughter."

CHAPTER IX.—(Concluded.)

A few days after my interview with Bapinand, I received from him a copy of the evidence taken at the inquiry. At once I shut myself up in my room, and set myself to study it as I had never studied anything before.

I shall not go into the details of all my reading, weighing, comparing and theorizing; for three days I did not leave the room, and, but for Pierre, would almost have forgotten to take food. The knowledge that Raoul's life might be hanging on the result of my efforts seemed to lend me new powers of mind—or, at any rate, powers that I had never before suspected myself of possessing. It was, as it were, a continuation of that duel between myself and the judge of instruction, of which the first passes had been exchanged at the inquiry. I seemed to enter into the personality of each witness; to seize at a glance the significant point of each statement. I found a fact to explain every difficulty, a theory for every contradiction; my brain was for the time abnormally clear and active; it was a state of mental tension which, had it lasted, might have landed me either in Bicêtre or the president's chair of the court of cassation.

My study of the evidence led me to this conclusion: that the judge of instruction, starting from the assumption of Girard's guilt, had, in several instances, unconsciously warped important facts to make them fit in with his own theory; but that one starting from the contrary assumption, that of Girard's innocence, might take the same facts and base upon them a theory of the crime reversing that of the judge. Such negative evidence, however, would not suffice to clear Girard of complicity in the crime. Here and there a weak link might be found in the chain of the testimony against him; but to point out these was not enough. It was necessary that the adverse circumstantial evidence against him should be overborne by circumstantial evidence equally strong in his favor. In a word, since Girard was not the assassin of Joseph Meissner, that assassin must be found.

My first proceeding was to go to the house No. 13 Passage de Mazarin, and question the child Sophie Mouton, daughter of the janitor. From her I found out even more than I had expected. Then I went to a certain wine shop in the Rue St. Andre, which, as Sophie informed me, the janitor Mouton frequented more than was for his good. There I found him drinking with several of his friends, and recounting, no doubt for the hundredth time, his share in the events of Meissner's murder. I had no difficulty in beginning a conversation with the janitor, and soon found out from him, over a glass of milk punch, all that I wanted to know.

"But it is singular," said Mouton, "these questions that Monsieur has asked; they are precisely the same questions asked by the little man with the sharp nose and the gray coat!"

"What man do you mean?"

"By Jove! that I cannot tell you. But he was here two nights ago, sitting in the very same place where Monsieur is sitting now, and he asked the very same questions as Monsieur! He also accompanied me home, and took away the key of M. Meissner's door. He produced on me the effect of an agent of police. Is it not so, M. Bastoul?"

M. Bastoul said that it was so. I left the wine shop, wondering who the little man could be, and for what purpose he was asking questions exactly like my own.

Next day, in consequence of the answers I had received from Mouton and his daughter, I went with Bapinand to the prefecture of police. I saw the two daggers which were being kept there as evidence in the case of the Passage de Mazarin—the one, that with which the murder had been committed; the other, that from the collection of M. de St. Florent, in its curious fan-shaped sheath. It was almost impossible to distinguish between the two weapons, they were so exactly alike. Both had the same writing on one side of the blade; the same flower, with a single word beside it, on the other. I took careful tracings of the inscriptions on both daggers.

That evening I went to the house of M. Beauvais, Member of the Institute, in the Rue d'Anjou, Faubourg St. Honore. I had obtained a letter of introduction to him from one of my acquaintances, who declared him to be the most distinguished Orientalist in Paris. M. Beauvais received me courteously, and professed himself most willing to give me the information I required.

"Both daggers," he said, after examining my tracings, "have an identical inscription in the Japanese character on one side of their blades. This inscription establishes the curious fact that they are from the hand of the same maker; it is to the effect that 'this steel comes from the anvil of the smith Tokotaru in Yeddo.' On the other side of the blade of each is a representation of the kiku, or chrysanthemum flower, which is the crest of the Mikado of Japan. They must, therefore, have had at one time a royal owner. The single word beside the flower on the blade of the De St. Florent dagger means 'Evanescence;' that on the blade of the other weapon means 'Illusion.' These are sacred words of the Buddhist creed. From the shape of the characters, I should suppose these weapons to be several centuries old."

I thanked M. Beauvais, and noted down what he had told me.

"You are the second visitor," he said, "whom I have had on this same business. Evidently these daggers are to be a feature of the case."

Here also, then, there had been some one before me!—some one working on the same lines as myself!

"Might I ask if Monsieur is acquainted with the name of his other visitor? I have a reason for wishing to know."

"Certainly. It was M. Biery, the well-known detective officer, who came to me no later than last night, and submitted to me tracings exactly like these. I told him what I have told you now."

What could this mean!—Biery! I had heard the name somewhere; in connection with some case, I thought. A "well-known detective officer." This was worth looking into.

"Monsieur will pardon the singularity of the question," I said, "but this M. Biery—is he a little man, sharp-featured, who wears a gray coat?"

"You describe M. Biery," said the great Orientalist with a smile. "Good evening, M. Marsal, and a good issue to your labors for your friend! By the way, your friend had a book of mine—an English book——"

"Ah, pardon, Monsieur! I had forgotten about the book—forgotten even that it came from you. Since that night when you gave it to Girard, my mind has been so occupied——"

"I understand, Monsieur," said M. Beauvais, kindly, "I understand. At your convenience return the book—at your convenience. Good-evening!"

That night I sent a letter to M. Biery, Rue Jerusalem, asking him to meet with me on the morrow, either at the prefecture of police or at the Rue Dauphine, in connection with the affair of the Passage de Mazarin.

(To be continued.)

Robinson Crusoe's Birthplace.

(Chicago Times.)

Robinson Crusoe will soon be commemorated by a fine bronze statue at his prototype's birthplace, the fishing village of Largo, in Fife. This village was the early home of Alexander Selkirk, who returned home from Juan Fernandez, bringing the relics of his solitary stay on that desolate island. His house, "Crusoe's Cottage," is now shown in the Square near the sea, and some time ago still contained the kirk's gun and sea chest. The Crusoe statue is to be placed in a niche of the cottage.

CULINARY DEVICES.

VARIOUS NOVELTIES IN DINNER-TABLE DECORATIVE ART.

Designs for People Who Are Willing to Pay Heavily for Having Their Palates or Their Fancies Tickled —The Latest.

[Boston Globe.]

"We have to be thinking up new things all the time," remarked a well-known caterer, reflectively. "Wealthy, fashionable people—such as give, of course, the handsomest entertainments—want novelties in our line, just as they do in others; and we have to give them to them, or they will think we are behind the times. Take, for example, the custom of placing raw oysters on the table in a partially scooped out block of clear ice. It is a most excellent custom. It looks well and keeps the oysters at the right temperature; but I should hardly dare to serve oysters in that way at a really 'swell' dinner—the device is too old."

"Is the custom of serving birds in plumage still sanctioned by our 'first families?'"

"Yes; work of that kind, skillfully executed, will, I believe, always be considered comme il faut.

"The head and plumaged skin of the bird, of whatever kind it is, are first carefully removed, an operation requiring some little skill. The bird is then boned—with dressing, you know—and the boned meat returned to the skin. At least, that is the way it is usually done. A pheasant served in the same way makes a particularly attractive dish. Taft, you know, sometimes serves roasted humming birds in walnut shells, and it is quite possible to serve small-sized reed birds in the same way."

"Rather an expensive dish, I imagine?"

"Very. But some people, you know, will pay heavily for having their palates on their fancies tickled. A comparatively new and very pretty custom is that of placing a large mirror in the center of the dinner or supper table, as the case may be, and surrounding it with smilax. It has the effect of a miniature lake, and this effect is heightened by scattering a few bright-colored flowers—pansies or something of that kind—over its surface."

"Dinner tables are sometimes decorated with vegetables, are they not?"

"Yes, that has, of late years, become an important feature of dinner-table decoration. Beets, carrots, turnips, etc., can be cut so as to resemble flowers of many kinds. One of our 'cutters' recently made what a casual observer would have taken for a handsome basket of flowers, and it was made, basket and all, out of vegetables."

"Yes," said another leading caterer, "we have a number of new devices. We make ice glasses now—of the shape of small wine glasses—and fill them with Roman punch. As, perhaps, you can imagine, the effect is excellent. Another novelty is a house made of ice-cream, with a light inside of it, giving it the appearance of a miniature house on fire. A ruined castle of ice-cream, with a light inside of it, is also very effective; and a tower of clear ice, lighted in the same way, looks like a miniature lighthouse. We make ice-cream in the shape of all kinds of flowers, and put them together in the form of bouquets. Then we have what appear to be perfect walnuts, filberts, etc., which are filled with sugar plums. In making these we use the real shells. We make imitation cherries, grapes, and plums, and fill them in the same way. They decorate a table very nicely.

"I heard of a party recently where a caterer served what appeared to be perfect eggs, and when they were opened they were found to contain living canary birds. One of the party, a young lady, broke into one of the eggs rather carelessly—not knowing what it contained—and by so doing killed its poor little inmate. I'm told that her sorrow at the accident rather interfered with the enjoyment of the dinner. I hear that a New York man recently designed what must have been a very pretty table deboration. It consisted of a miniature forest, made of spruce, pine and hemlock branches, beneath which were scattered moss, cones, pine needles, etc. Perched among the branches were a number of birds and little squirrels. I know, too, of a caterer who sometimes uses a musical cake basket. The minute it is raised from the table—for the purpose of passing around the cake—it commences to play, and when it is again placed on the table the music ceases.

"What do you consider the most novel device you know of?"

"Well, perhaps the most novel is one that I heard of, but never saw. It was a large block of clear, greenish jelly, in the center of which was a duck, in full plumage, headed for some sprigs of celery. The upper surface of the block was made in little ripples, and looked just as water would after a duck had dived through it. Around the block grasses were arranged, and I'm told that the piece, taken as a whole, was very effective. I've seen another very pretty piece by the way. It was made of ice cream, and represented a man in a sleigh drawn by a reindeer. Underneath the sleigh was a music-box, which played about fifteen minutes after the piece was placed on the table, and running through the music was the peculiar grating sound made by sleighs."

Siamese Medical Science.

(Medical Journal.)

The Siamese, according to an account lately given by Dr. E. A. Sturge, regarded all nature as composed of four elements—earth, water, fire and wind. These same elements—are supposed to make up the human body, which is composed of twenty kinds of earth, twelve kinds of water, six kinds of wind, and four kinds of fire. The body is divided into thirty-two parts, such as the skin, heart, lungs, etc. It is thought to be subject to ninety-six diseases, due to the disarrangement of its elements. Too much fire causes fevers, an excess of water produces dropsies, earth gives rise to disease by invisible and impalpable mists and vapors, and wind can cause all manner of complaints.

While almost everything is used as medicine, the bones and skins of various animals, and the galls of snakes, tigers, lizards, etc., are favorite remedies. Burnt human bones, powdered and mixed with alum, are used on ulcers; the eye-teeth of various animals—such as bears, tigers and lions—ground up together, form the favorite curative for fevers; and the ashes of earth worms and human hair, mixed with cocoanut oil, are often employed for cuts. The Siamese know little of anatomy. They are not aware that the heart is connected with the circulation, but suppose that organ to be about the size of an almond, and to be a cavity filled with a fluid which changes color and consistency with our passions.

Public-School Bathing.

(Foreign Letter.)

A new feature of the German public-school system, which meets with great favor, is that of bathing. The burgomaster of Gottingen says that when bathing was first introduced in the schools of that town only a few of the pupils availed themselves of the privilege, whereas now 500 out of 700 gladly take part in it several times a week. The children are bathed in sections of six to nine, and as they immediately return to the school-room and resume their lessons, no risk of catching cold is ever incurred, while the refreshing influence of the bath shows itself in a greater energy and eagerness to study. The health of the children is greatly promoted, especially those from the homes of the poor.

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Port Hammond	7 A M	.....	.....	.....	7 A M.	.....
Plumper Pass	.....	.....	.....	.....	7 A M.	.....
Granville, Moody'sville, Pt. Moody	.....	7 A M	.....	7 A M	.....	7 A M
Chilliwhack	7 A M	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Yale	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

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Notices.

PRIVATE BILL.

NOTICE is hereby given that at the next session of the Legislature of the Province of British Columbia, T. B. H. Cochrane and James Brady intend to apply for an Act granting them a lease for the term of twenty-five years of the unworked and abandoned mining ground on Findlay Creek, in the District of Kootenay, such lease to include the bench, bar, dry and hill diggings for 500 feet on either side of the said stream and the beds of the stream, and to extend from the first forks or south branch of said creek three miles below and five miles above the same, including the tributaries thereto, and with power to the said T. B. H. Cochrane and James Brady to erect dams and construct ditches and flumes on the said creek and its tributaries.

EBERTS & TAYLOR,
Solicitors for Applicants.

Dated Victoria, B. C., 30th December, 1885. dec31

Notice

NOTICE is hereby given that I intend to make application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 640 acres of land, more or less, situated on the north side of Thurlow Island, opposite Loughborough Inlet, Coast District, and described as follows:

Commencing at stake about 40 chains from coast and run east 80 chains; thence south 80 chains, west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains to point of commencement.

T. D. MERRILL.
January 25th, 1886. jan26 law 2m

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that I intend to make application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 640 acres of land, more or less, situated on Hornfray Channel, Coast District, and described as follows:

Commencing at a stake on the coast and about 7 miles from S. W. end of said channel and running east 80 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence north 80 chains to point of commencement.

T. D. MERRILL.
January 25, 1886. jan26 law 2m

Notice.

IS hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of British Columbia during its session for an Act to incorporate a Company for the purpose of constructing, operating and maintaining a Railway from the City of Victoria to some point on Shoal Harbor in the District of North Saanich, Vancouver Island.

YATES & JAY,
Solicitors for Applicants.
Victoria, Feb. 2nd, 1886. feb4

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ALL THOSE INDEBTED TO THE FIRM of Calibreath, Grant & Cook, Cassiar, are requested to call on the undersigned at the office of Mr. R. Lippett, second door from the Telegraph office, Victoria, to settle their indebtedness, or legal steps will be taken to collect the same.

JOHN GRANT.
Vict. is. Dec. 3rd. 1884. dec2 tf

Notice.

DURING my absence in California Frank Campbell holds my power of attorney.

P. MURPHY,
October 3rd, 1885 Adelphi Saloon. oct3

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M. R. C. S., England; L. S. A., London,
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Furniture, Upholstery and Bedding.
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ALBIONIA WASHING POWDER
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Corner Fort and Douglas Streets

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Bookseller & Stationer
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STANDARD WORKS ORDERED from England and the United States at short notice and at publishers' prices. se17tf

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320 POST ST.
SAN FRANCISCO.
LIFE SCHOLARSHIPS $75
No Vacations
DAY AND EVENING SESSIONS
Ladies admitted into all departments.
Send for circulars

ENRICO SORGE,
[FROM LONDON.]
Solo Pianist and Orchestral Conductor.
PROFESSOR AND TEACHER OF SINGING and the Pianoforte.
Attendance every day from 2 to 5 o'clock at Wall's Music Store, where terms may be known.
oct9 1m

The Daily Times.

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Victoria, Tuesday, Feb. 23, 1886.

DIED.

JONES—In this city, on the 22nd inst., Columbia Jones, a native of Kentucky, U. S., aged 65 years.

The funeral will take place to-morrow (Wednesday), at 2:30 p. m., from his late residence Johnson street, and at 3 p. m. from the Reformed church.

CITY AND PROVINCE.

—Try the WAUKEMPHAST LASTS, at GEO. H. MAYNARD'S.

—Some people do not know that RAND BROS.' Victoria office is on Fort St.

—If you want a modern building, have your plans made by Fisher the Architect.

—Lovers of the cue should remember that THE LANSDOWNE billiard parlor is the best in town.

—Buy your real estate through RAND BRO.; offices at Victoria, New Westminster and Vancouver (Coal Harbor.)

—The dude has been discovered to be possessed of a musical voice and is now under the care of a French teacher.

—The water was turned off this morning for a time, the cause being a blown joint in Foote's valley. It was quickly repaired however.

—THE discount sale of boots and shoes at the CITY BOOT AND SHOE STORE is still going on.

—Quite a blaze occurred yesterday afternoon near the Chinese theatre, but was subdued by Chinamen with buckets of water, no fire alarm being sounded.

—*Lansdowne House, Yates street, received to-day Brussells Kid Gloves, Combination and other Hoop-skirts, Bustles, &c., &c. John Partridge, Prop.*

—A race between T. Watson, running about 3½ miles, and Patsy LeLievre, skating 5 miles, will take place at the skating rink to-morrow night. Stakes $15 a side.

—Mr. Drake's bill to amend the Qualification and Registration Act of 1876, read a first time yesterday, is for the purpose of giving the franchise to women. A similar bill was defeated during last session.

—To avoid waiting, on account of the store being crowded in the afternoon, leave your orders and the goods will be sent to your residence on approval and called for next day. GEO. H. MAYNARD.

—A Chinese mendicant, given in charge by Mayor Fell and Coun. Higgins was liberated for want of evidence. Coun. Higgins was called but his testimony failed to establish the charge he had made.

—Consignees by the Starr to-day: W Hamilton, H B Co, W K & Co, S Leiser, J Dyer & Co, A Ofner, S J Pitts, Carne & Munsie, H Saunders, Fell & Co, H J Hartnell, R J Williams, J W Moore, D McPhadden, E G Prior.

—A hack team ran away to-day, starting from Wharf street, and going at a rapid rate until stopped by Mr. Frank Atwood on Yates street near Government. The hack was badly damaged.

—"We're going to have a rough trip down," was the expression of nearly all passengers on the Queen before she sailed. There was a large assemblage of people on the wharf who agreed with the expression, which to judge from the waters of the Straits would be the truth.

—Frank Page, on remand, charged with selling stolen property, was permitted to go out on his own recognizance, to appear again in one month. The real thieves are believed to be on the mainland, possibly in the Granite Creek mines.

—Mr. Columbus Jones, a well-known and respected colored citizen, and a pioneer of 1858, died this morning. Deceased had, by frugality and careful investment, acquired a competency, and only a short time since had resolved to take things easy for the balance of his days.

—For comfort, the Waukemphast beats them all. For sale and made to order at GEO. H. MAYNARD'S.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Mrs. Whitlaw left on the Queen for San Francisco, on business matters.

Mrs. Pferdner was a passenger on the Queen.

Passengers by steamer Geo. E. Starr to-day: J Dunn, J Hayward, H Smith, Miss Stagg, Mrs Gore, Geo Burkhead, C M Spalding, Ferguson and wife, C Morley, E K Halton, J Garrison, Sachman, Sam Ping, Jerry Doig, Capt Cresley, J Hastings, Miss Hastings, J Burns.

Passengers by the Louise to-day from New Westminster: Rev Sillitoe and wife, Mr and Mrs. Townsend, Mrs Tait G C Corbould, A Ewen, W Gordon, Rev Bruton, Hall, Taylor, Pastell, J C Armstrong, J C Lovell, J Purtz, Gibson, Capt Cox, D McRea, H A Picken, A W Hams.

POLICE COURT.

(Before Edwin Johnson, Esq., S.M.)

Ah Sue, on remand, charged with begging on the streets. Discharged.

John Bonghe, drunk and disorderly; fined $5 or one week.

Wm. Radcliff, charged with stealing a pair of blankets. Mr. Ellis, of the North Pacific, testified that prisoner had sold him a pair of blankets for $5, and afterwards stole them back and sold them to another party for $2.50. Sentenced to one month at hard labor.

COMING TO VICTORIA.

The Mexico sailed from San Francisco yesterday. The following passengers are on board for this city: J. Dassonville and wife, W. F. Dan, James McCarthy, James Porter, M. Lenz, G. J. Campbell, J. Burgess, John Jennings, D. Gray, G. Laidlaw, W. McGee, A. Brown, J. W. Mack.

FUNERAL.

The funeral of the late Thomas Cameron took place this morning at 9 a. m. from St. Andrews Cathedral. Rev. Father Jonckau officiated and the pallbearers were: Messrs. F. Adams, M. Miller, J. Dougall, Jr., R. Hall, M. Conlin, and J. Partridge. A large number of friends of the deceased were in attendance.

THE WELLAND CANAL CONTRACT.

The Toronto *Globe* announces that Messrs. James Isbester and P. J. Brown have been awarded contracts for dredging on four sections of the Welland Canal. The successful tenderers for the other sections have not been made known, but it is reported that Capt. Murray, of St. Catharines, has secured some work.

ENTERPRISING YOUNG LADIES.

Miss F. Beegan and Miss E. M. Madigan were passengers on the Queen of the Pacific to-day for San Francisco, whither they go to purchase a full and fashionable millinery stock for an establishment they intend to shortly open here. They expect to be absent three weeks.

B. C. GARRISON ARTILLERY.

The headquarter batteries of this corps are ordered for drill every Wednesday at 8 p. m.; until annual inspection, which will be held about the end of March.

THE LAND GRAB AGAIN.

The more the Port Simpson land steal affair is ventilated the more convinced the public become of the fact that a grave breach of sworn secrecy had been made in the Lands and Works Department. No amount of subterfuging by the Premier can relieve him of the onus resting on his shoulders in the scandalous affair. During his explanation of the affair yesterday he had the indelicacy to refer to Mr. Speaker as being one of the chief "grabbers," when that gentleman was in a position in which he could not defend himself. Explain it as he will the fact is beyond denial that the "tip" received by friends of the government enabled them to secure valuable lands in advance of a general announcement being made that they were in the market. By no other name can it be characterized than a job, and one of the most scandalous on record.

"OUR BOYS"

Give an Entertainment in the Rooms of the Y. M. C. A. Last Evening.

The boys of the Y. M. C. A. were entertained at tea by the ladies of the auxiliary last evening. The boys voted the affair the best of the kind they had seen. At the conclusion of the tea Master Davie proposed, and Master Haynes seconded, a vote of thanks to the ladies. On being put it was carried by acclamation. Master McLagan moved, and Master Mansell seconded, that three cheers be given for the ladies, which resulted in a hearty British cheer. After the room had been cleared the boys gave an excellent entertainment free to the branch and to others twenty-five cents. The entertainment appeared to be thoroughly enjoyed by the audience. The thanks of the branch are due Mrs. Fraser, Mrs. Clyde, and Mr. Marriott for songs, and to Masters Davie, Mansell and McLagan for readings and recitations. Past-President A. Haynes presided at both entertainments. Proceedings were brought to a close at 9:30 by singing the doxology. It is the intention to give another entertainment in the course of six weeks.

OUR INSANE.

The Provincial Secretary presented to the House on Monday the annual report on the Asylum for the Insane, for the year 1885. From this pamphlet it appears that the total number of patients recovered during that time was twenty-one, a number larger than that of any year since 1876, and the third highest since the asylum was established. The number discharged during the year was six, five of whom were cured and one improved; the number of deaths among the patients during the same time was five. The total number remaining in the asylum at the close of the year was 61—51 males and 10 females. Of the 21 admitted last year, 18 were males and 3 females, while the supposed causes of their insanity are set down as: Religious excitement, 11; intemperance, 3, masturbation, 3; money troubles, 2; living alone, 1; not known, 8. The total expenditure for the year was $16,020.89.

THE ALBION IRON WORKS.

Says the Toronto Monetary *Times*: "A correspondent sends us a description of the Albion Iron Works at Victoria, British Columbia, which has employed from 100 to 150 men during the year 1885, and its output for the year has reached $300,000 in value. The works have made 500 tons of iron-work for C. P. R. bridges, &c., supplied the Esquimalt and Nanaimo railway with all iron-work used, and the iron work for government bridges. They make steel marine boilers, marine engines, locomotive tanks, flat cars and hand cars. Portable engines for the city, hoisting engines for the dry-dock, stoves and grates were also built. They have now under way two air-pumping engines for the Wellington colleries of 350 total horse power, besides one engines for the city electric light."

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

The Queen of the Pacific arrived this morning from the Sound and left at noon for San Francisco. The following parties took passage from Victoria: Miss Fanny Beegan, Miss M Madigan, Mrs Dollard and child, Mrs Whitlaw, Mrs Pferdner, J Merton, F Girard, F Mattlews, C W Allison, Miss H Sedgwick, Miss Morton, Miss Jenny Reiffarth, Geo Kyle, A T Bradley, Louis Knobd, G W Lederer, Frank David, C S Dickson, F Eustis, Miss Alice Harrison, C McCarthy, R Swain, Mrs S Mack, Mrs C Fox and four children, David Michaud, J E Vrooman, Mrs Alice Johnson, Mrs M D Glass, Joseph Morris.

A BROKERS' BOOM.

What is termed by the brokers a genuine "boom," such as has not been experienced on the stock market for a long time back, developed during the second week of this month in Toronto, nearly all classes of securities sharing in the buoyant activity. Federal Bank rose 5 per cent. to 108½, closing easier at 107; 191 is bid for Bank of Toronto, a gain of 3½, while Commerce is 3 per cent., Montreal, 2½, Merchants, 2½, Dominion 2, higher.

THE CHINESE ARE GOING.

Twenty-seven Chinamen left by the Queen of the Pacific to-day, each of whom had a through ticket to Hongkong. Evidently the Chinese are going.

"THE LINE."

Merchants failing
To display
What they have
From day to day,
Cannot very
Well expect
That the people
Will select
From a line of
Goods not shown,
And of course
To them unknown.
If you'd have
The people choose,
Let them read
As public news
IN THE TIMES
Of every day
Just the goods
You would display.

As an article for the toilet, Ayer's Hair Vigor stands unrivalled. It cleanses the scalp, and spreads it from scurf and dandruff, cures itching and humors, restores faded or gray hair to its original dark color, and promotes its growth.

SIR JOHN LUBBOCK has published a list of the hundred best books that a workingman should read and study. John Ruskin has gone through that list with his big pencil, blotting out Grote, Darwin, Goethe, Southey, Montaigne, Hume, Emerson, Thackery, George Eliot, Kingsley, and Bulwer Lytton, and substituting for reading, without leaving out a page, Plato, Carlyle and Walter Scott. There is no use trying to argue with an erratic genius like Ruskin.

INDIAN CASHMERES—New all Wool Dress Fabric 44 inches wide. Just received at the CITY HOUSE.

THE NEW DARIS TRIMMINGS—"Coca" or Rosary Beads and Drops. Just received at the CITY HOUSE.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

THE MEDICAL BILL.

To THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES:

SIR,—The latest production of this beautiful government is the "Medical Bill," which provides that all the doctors who up to date have located in this province shall be the "Society, (limited)" and be allowed to practice henceforth. This little coterie shall from their number select seven chosen men for the *House of Lords*: videlicet, the "Medical Board." All other doctors who hereafter shall be graciously permitted to enter this province must first produce a diploma from a college where a three year course is obligatory, prove their identity, and undergo an examination before the "House of Lords" which examination must be *satisfactory* to the said House of Lords. Now, what does "satisfactory" mean? Must the candidate know at least as much as his examiner? If not, where is the protection to the public? And if it should happen that the kneeling stranger should perchance by accident, know more than his examiner, who but will admit that the examination would be eminently unsatisfactory? It would be professional suicide to allow such a wolf among the lambs, and the medical men, the examiners, would be greatly to blame if, by admitting a superior man, the dear public should have an opportunity for dispensing with their obedient servants, the "House of Lords and Commons (permanent by royal charter.) Then what will be "satisfactory?" The dear public must not suffer. Oh no; much less the very disinterested doctors; in fact there will be no way but to cut the Gordian knot and put upon these overburdened men the unpleasant task of continuing to heal the sick, kill the useless, and keep themselves and the country—the dear country—from starvation. True, this calls for self sacrifice on their part, but the medical men, God bless them, are the heroes of a heroic race, and the song of the Israelitish maidens in triumph still we hear:

Saul has slain his thousands
But David his ten thousands.

All honor then to those on whom our country, in her hour of need, may well depend! Nor let the cheek pale with doubt when it is said that the medical men of this province can be depended on to cope alone with their generous foe grim death; nor let us look for Bluchers from outside to assist in their glorious charges!

Here we pause to cast a glance of scorn upon those who think the medical men are not those wondrous enchanters they profess to be, and yet let us drop a crumb of comfort, for all can rest assured that no doctor will be allowed to crawl through the meshes of this examination unless he be so infinitesimally little and harmless as not to cause any alarm for the safety of the dear bail.

As to the examination, who will ask the questions? Oh, well, that is no bother, as the proverb in other words points out; but as to the answers, who will vouch for their correctness? A learned doctor, who was knighted for his knowledge or success at physics, Sir Astley Cooper, says that the "Science of medicine is the science of murder." Please excuse the gentleman's candor; he has made his money. So if you ask our "usher of the grand drop" his cure for a tired heart, he will sententiously murmur, "rope." O'Donovan advocates dynamite, the servants of the Sultan dread that final plunge in the Bosphorus. Why need we consider these comrades of Hamlet's "bare bodkin," after Sir Astley has spoken. A knight always knows more than an ordinary earthenware man, and here is where a Chinaware, or even a good porcelain man would be useful, in order to tell us poor creatures which bottle to use. There is the Allopathic physician. If by disease a man's system is trying to get rid of one poison, administer another poison, between the two the man sneaks out. If somebody forces you to share your umbrella, call along another on the other side; you have the centre; they, the drip. There is another system, the homœpathic, of which the motto *"similia, similibus curantur"*—like cures like, is the key. Under this, instead of ouring the body poisoned from the pink bottle by giving poison from the blue bottle, they give a little more out of the same pink bottle, or to express it non-professionally, if a man is falling down, trip him up. To those who do not advocate mixed drinks, this homœpathic system would commend itself, in that, instead of two poisons meandering round the body in company, there is only one large one. This suits me very well, as it is always a great relief when in a hurry to get down stairs, to be assisted by a few well directed kicks, for my vitality and strength not being wasted by my own exertions in so descending, can be utilized again in again ascending. And further, by this outside aid, the bottom has been reached quicker and the extra time can be spent on the return trip. I think this will commend itself to you too, Mr. Editor. Now if the pink bottle candidate is examined by a blue bottle man, will the blue bottle be satisfied with a pink bottle answer? Or will they split the difference and swear by the unassuming violet?

There are still other doctors, who contend that disease is but the effort of nature to restore the sick body to health. If a man is curable, the body will cure itself, or die from exhaustion in the attempt. By the use of baths, nourishment, exercise and proper breathing they try to assist nature. They keep up the circulation, vitality and strength, and by this means, instead of by giving what would undoubtedly poison a well man, attempt to fortify the body against the hostile attack. These systems are generally known as the hygienic, hydropathic, &c., according to the particular forms of treatment most prominent. Go to the States or England and see the success these men have. How about the examination of these men? When the people ask them for bread do they give them a stone; or fish, do they give them a serpent? Water is cheap, but drugs cost money. God's air is free; exercise is free, and better meat and nourishment than poison. And yet this Act passed, and the people must die through ignorance. Ignorance,—no, for you would wantonly shut out the opportunity of obtaining knowledge. These hygienic physicians are even now beginning to revolutionize the study of medicine, and long ago proved their claims to the confidence of the people, and yet you would put men, even at war among themselves, to seal up the doors and forbid these entrance.

The Chinese are excluded from the province on penalty of $50; lawyers on penalty of $250 and an examination; and now the doctors warn away all from their pre-emption of Ross Bay! The lawyers have their monopoly because the people are not able to hinder them; let the grocers get up a "House of Lords," and get an act to make necessary an examination on white and brown sugar, tea, and pantry jurisprudence. They have just as much right, but they don't know how to work the "dear, d—d people" dodge.

It may not yet be too late to sound the warning. Each moment approaches, bearing its little separate surprise. Full to our view this Baalam, the physician, rides on his way to curse the children of Israel encamped in the valley below. Suddenly spurring on his beast, he is stopped; the dumb ass will not advance. The sorcerer plies the lash, when lo, to his affrighted gaze appears the flaming word of fire. Then, Baalam, beware! Think not to good on this legislature thus! Through him the warning voice will be heard, for the sword of the people threatens. Dare not to curse free men with this monopoly! Think not beneath this smiling mask the horns and hoofs do not appear, nor insult this province with the representation that this bill is for the people's good; unless by the people the doctors alone are meant. Other doctors are kept out; prices are kept up to extortionate rates, and the people are forced to pay any fee demanded. Is that for the people's good? The doctors now here pretend that it is necessary for the people's good that new-comers should be examined! Then who examined themselves? Will they themselves submit to an examination before disinterested experts from some other country? No; and all others coming here must be examined before them, who are tremblingly interested in "keeping all others out. Let their lamentable fear of competition be the last proof if any is needed—of the rot the country runs in freely admitting men who have studied their profession, and let the people judge their sincerity by this its bitter fruit. Too long has this country suffered by its exclusiveness, and that dread by the professional men of new-comers, which can be accounted for. If these men should fear competition, so much the more should it not be restrained. If the many must support the few, let it be so enacted; but if not, then down with

MONOPOLY.

HIGH-HANDED.

To THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES:

SIR,—While the "actual settler" is being refused the issuance of a pre-emption record to the land declared by the famous, or rather infamous Settlement Act to be open for pre-emption to actual settlers, other parties, not settlers, are allowed to cut timber on those lands for the use of the Wellington mine. This state of things would be high-handed enough were no rights invaded but those of the Esquimalt and Nanaimo Railway Company; but when the claims of actual settlers are entered, and their fences torn down, it is about time the Legislature inquired into such a state of affairs. There is always danger that lawlessness on one side will breed lawlessness on the other.

NANAIMOITE.

GEN. R. E. LEE.

What A. H. Stephens in a Posthumous Paper had to Say of the Southern Commander.

In the February number of the *Southern Bivouac* there appears a posthumous article by A. H. Stephens, on the famous Southern General, who commanded the Confederate armies, from which we learn that the ancestors of Lee were many of them military men, and he, born in Strafford, Westmoreland county, Va., Jan. 19, 1807, was, in boyhood, almost in sight of the ravages made by the fleet of Admiral Cockburn along the Chesapeake during our second war with Great Britain. His father died when he was 12 years old, and he became a cadet at West Point in 1825. He is said to have been so studious and blameless in deportment, and at the same time so courteous to all, as to have passed the 4 years without demerit or reprimand, and graduated at the head of his class July 4, 1829. He was appointed Second Lieutenant of Engineers, and soon after promoted to First. In 1832 he married Mary Custis, a granddaughter of the wife of Washington, and in 1835 he helped to mark the line between Michigan and Ohio. His estate of Arlington came later, through his wife. In 1859 he was in Washington city, and on the night of the 17th of October of that year really began his first services in the cause of the Southern States. On the 16th John Brown, an old and notorious offender against law in the Territories, had, at the head of a band of conspirators, seized the arsenal at Harper's Ferry, with its 50,000 stand of arms, which he proposed at once to distribute among the slaves of Virginia. The negroes entirely failed to respond, and John Brown's fortress, the engine house, was carried by storm, after he refused the unconditional surrender tendered him through J. E. B. Stuart, the Lieutenant of Col. R. E. Lee. Mr. Brown was tried and hanged, and whatever progress his soul has made in the "marching on," of which a popular song speaks, he ended his earthly journeyings in this first bloodshed of the war, and the man then in his way was the U. S. officer and Virginia gentleman, Robert E. Lee.

On the 20th April, 1861, five days after the call for invading troops, Gen. (then Colonel) Lee, now commanding his regiment, resigned, by letter, from Arlington, Va., to General W. Scott. Upon the day of my arrival in Richmond he had been made Major-General of the Virginia army. On the day after my arrival this rank of Major-General of the Army of Virginia was solemnly conferred upon him by President John Janney of the Convention in the Hall of Representatives. As he stood there, fresh and ruddy as a David from the sheepfold, in the prime of his manly beauty, and the embodiment of a line of heroic and patriotic fathers and worthy mothers; it was thus I first saw Robert E. Lee. I had preconceived ideas of the rough soldier, with no time for the graces of life, and by companionship almost compelled to the vices of his profession. I did not know then that he used no stimulants, was free even from the use of tobacco, and that he was absolutely stainless in his private life. I did not know then, as I do now, that he had been a model youth and young man, but I had before me the most manly man and entire gentleman I ever saw. I remember seeing him in Savannah, conspicuous by the blue uniform which he was the last of the Confederates to put off, scarcely noticed among the gay uniforms of the new volunteers, and least likely of all men to become the first character in the war for States rights.

Towards sundown at the battle of Seven Pines, Virginia, on the 31st of May, 1862, Gen. Joseph E. Johnston fell severely wounded, and, as the command devolved for a time on Gen. G. W. Smith the time of Gen. Lee had come at last. His appointment by Mr. Davis was very unpopular, as the South had little confidence in him, and even Virginians doubted their old idol. From that time I need only to call the roll of his battles.

THE colony of Victoria has been unsuccessful so far in placing its loan on the London market, the price obtained being eighteen points in excess of the minimum figures fixed. It has been suggested that the present would be a good time for the government to place a loan on the market with which to pay off the savings bank depositors, and that with good management there ought to be money in the operation. As the loan would not increase Canada's indebtedness it is certain that the scheme would be favorably received.

THE Adams Tobacco Company, of Montreal, has gone into liquidation with liabilities of $175,000, the greater part of which is due the Merchants Bank of Canada. A good deal is also due in New York. F. E. Owen, of that city, has taken a seizure out against the company.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. SOLD ONLY IN CANS. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall Street, N. Y. ly

VANCOUVER.

On Coal Harbor, the Terminus of the Canadian Pacific Railway.

Personal inspection and reports of Coa Harbor lands, made on application, contracts for clearing land negotiated and superintended. Large lists of most central properties and plans of townsite on application. Parties living at a distance buying through us will have the advantage of our personal inspection and report. Intending investors should come to Vancouver, when we will take pleasure in driving them over the principal roads and showing them over the townsite. We have established a free reading room for use of strangers and shall be glad if all such will make use of same on arrival here. Correspondence solicited.

Address
F. C. INNES & Co.,
Real Estate Brokers, Vancouver, Burrard Inlet, British Columbia.

JAMES RUSSELL has opened his new Store on Douglas street, near Maynard's Photograph Gallery, and is now prepared to supply the public with all kinds of Scotch pastry, Buns, Cakes &c. Also Sausages and Puddings, Mutton Pies, and Tea and Coffee. Orders received for Christmas and New Year's cakes and buns.

GOSNELL'S SUGAR CUREDHAMS are now ready at his store, corner Cormorant and Douglas streets.

—That valuable preparation called the Gum Tree (Eucalyptus) Cough Syrup—that does not make you sick at the stomach, is for sale by Langley & Co. Victoria, sole agents.

—Just arrived at the City Boot and Shoe Store, Fort street, direct from London, a full set of ENGLISH WAUKEMPHAST LASTS for custom work. GEO. H. MAYNARD.

—No room can be considered as well furnished unless supplied with one of those NEW and STYLISH FENDERS, on view and for sale at A. & W. Wilson's, Fort street.

MRS. V. A. LEPRINCE, Fashionable Dressmaking, late of San Francisco. Cutting and fitting a specialty. Government street, up-stairs, next to new Bank of B. C.

The beginning of 1886 finds Rand Bros. with offices at Victoria, New Westminster and Coal Harbor. Parties desiring investments will do well to consult them.

—Merchants who desire to enter for the upper country trade should advertise in the WEEKLY TIMES; cheap rates and largest circulation.

Artistic Binding executed in this Province ONLY by R. T. Williams; and out of the Province by the other (2) Binder, assisted by un-British Nepotism of the present Local Government.

NEW TO-DAY.

B. C. ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY.

NOTICE.

THE above Society was duly organized on Saturday evening, the 20th inst.

All persons who may be eligible wishing to join the Society can do so WITHOUT PAYMENT OF ENTRANCE FEE, by signing the roll at the Secretary's office and pa ment of one month's dues—50 cents—or one year's dues—$5—in advance.

Prior to the 1st day of April next.

All members who have already joined are requested to call at the Secretary's office and sign the roll.

By order.
C. MORTON,
Secretary.
Feb. 22, 1886. feb23 1m

Æsthetic Flowers,

BEAUTIFUL ANNUALS, Etc.

6 packages Esthetic flower seeds assorted for - - - - - 50c
14 packages Annuals seeds consisting of Asters, Stocks, Phlox, Drummanondi, &c., for - - - - - $1 00
7 packages Seeds for cemetery purposes for - - - - - 50c
7 packages Immortelle and Ornamental grass seeds for - - - - - 50c

On receipt of price any of the above seeds will be forwarded, post age free to any address.

Purchasers may rely upon these seeds, as they are all of my own raising, and being acclimated are far superior to imported seeds. Address:
J. MOSS, Florist, Victoria, B. C.
Residence, Johnson St., near Blanchard St.
feb 22-2ms

(No. 128.)

A BYLAW

Respecting the Expenditure of the Municipal Revenue for 1886.

Be it enacted by the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:

1. It shall be lawful for the Finance Committee of the said Council to arrange for and obtain a credit by way of overdraft upon current account with the Bank of British North America to an amount not exceeding in the whole the sum of $40,000, including the now existing overdraft, at a rate of interest not exceeding six per cent. per annum.

2. All moneys so overdrawn shall be used for the ordinary current expenditure of the said Corporation, and shall be repaid to the said Bank on or before the thirty-first day of December, 1886, out of the municipal revenue of the said Corporation for the current year.

3. This Bylaw may be cited as the "Bank Credit Bylaw, 1886."

Passed the Municipal Council the third day of February, A. D., 1886.

Reconsidered and finally passed the Council the 17th day of February, A. D., 1886.

JAMES FELL,
Mayor.

JAMES D. ROBINSON,
L. S. C. M. C.
feb22

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FOR COMFORT,

The WAUKEMPHAST Beats Them All!

FOR SALE AND MADE TO ORDER AT

GEO. H. MAYNARD'S,

FORT STREET.

The Discount Sale

STILL GOING ON.

Go Early and Avoid the Rush.

CHEAPER THAN

REMNANTS!

1706 Yards Melton Cloth Dress Goods,

Direct from the Manufacturer, received this day at

The White House

And for sale at 20 cents per yard;

Colors--Navy, Maroon, Seal, Myrtle and Black.

—ALSO.

150 CHILDREN'S COLORED FELT HATS,

New Goods, 75 cents each; worth $1.50

Hutcheson, Young & Co.

NEW CLOTHS--JUST OPENED

A LARGE AND WELL ASSORTED STOCK OF

English, French & Scotch Suitings & Trouserings,

IN ALL THE LATEST MAKES AND DESIGNS.

Worsted Coatings in Blue and Black, Broadcloths and Doeskins.

Garments made to order in either American or English styles.

The best Trimmings used and satisfaction guaranteed.

No Cheap Canadian Goods in stock.

TERMS STRICTLY CASH.

A. GREGG & SON,

ARTIST TAILORS,

CORNER OF DOUGLAS AND PANDORA STREETS. feb11

LEVI THE TAILOR

Offers the balance of his Chinchilla Goods at the Lowest Prices.

Chinchilla Coats and Vests, which were formerly offered at $40, now offered at $27.50.

Pants that were $10 now made for $8; $8 Pants now made for $6.

The Finest Patterns in the Market!

LEVI THE TAILOR means business, and makes this offer for 30 days only.

Come and see for yourselves.

LEVI THE TAILOR,

37 Johnson Street. jan29

Notice to Consignees.

BRITISH Barque "DUNDONALD, Puxley Master, from London, will commence discharging in this harbor on Monday morning, 22nd inst., at eight o'clock, and following days. Consignees are notified to present bills of lading and pay freight to the undersigned, by whom delivery orders will be issued. All cargo left on the wharf after five o'clock p. m. each day will be at the risk of owners or consignees thereof, who will be responsible for any storage or other charges incurred thereon.

ROBERT WARD & CO.,
Consignees of Barque "Dundonald."
Wharf street, Victoria, Feb. 20, 1886. feb20 6t

British Barque "Dundonald," FROM LONDON.

NOTICE.

NEITHER Captain Puxley nor the undersigned will be responsible for any debts contracted by the officers or crew of the above named vessel.

ROBERT WARD & CO.,
Consignees.

GRAND PEDESTRIAN

Tournament!

Go As You Please 48 Hours

WALKING MATCH,

AT THE SKATING RINK,

Open to all local Walkers, commencing

On Monday, March 1, at 9:30 P. M.

Two Hundred Dollars in Prizes. First, $120; Second, $60; Third, $20. Entries to be made on or before Wednesday, Feb. 24th, at 6 o'clock, at the Ben Hur Saloon.

ADMISSION 25 cents. Invited costs for ladies. No extra charge. Full Brass Band in attendance.

WM. McKAY,
Manager.

feb17

Notice.

I have taken as a partner in my business Mr. GEO. ANDERSON. The firm name will in future be SHORE & ANDERSON.

A. E. SHORE.

feb17 1m